The Beaver County Argus.

VOLUME XXXIII---NO 29. BEAVER, PA., WEDNESDAY, JULY 8, 1857. ESTABLISHED 1818.

Classification of Retailers

Of Merchandise, the Growth, Product and Manufacture of the United States, and dealers in Foreign Merchandise, in the County of Beaver, for the year 1857.

	Class.	Am't.
Borough Township.		
Thomas M'Creery,	13	10 00
Hugh Anderson,	13	10 00
John Barclay & Son	13	10 00
James Allison,	14	7 00
Benjamin Adams,	14	7 00
Wilson & McGaffick,	14	7 00
H. Kahler,	14	7 00
Thomas Allison,	13	10 00
B. S. Rainger,	14	7 00
C. B. Hurst,	12	12 50
Joseph Braun,	14	7 00
[illegible] Loring,	13	10 00
A. S. Harvey,	14	7 00
Azariah Wynn,	14	7 00
Barnes & Nicholson,	14	7 00
I. N. Atkins,	14	7 00
David Ramsey,	14	7 00
J. T. Logan,	14	7 00
Big Beaver Township.		
William Eakin,	13	10 00
Cornelius M'Bride,	14	7 00
M. A. Blackburn,	14	7 00
J. B. Johnston,	14	7 00
Darlington Township		
John R. Elder,	13	10 00
J. White & Co.	13	10 00
Duff & Caughey	13	10 00
Independence Township.		
Daniel M'Callister,	14	7 00
Economy Township.		
John Nichols,	14	7 00
J. & W. Breitenstein,	13	10 00
William Rea,	14	7 00
Freedom Borough.		
J. T. & C. W. Fisher,	14	7 00
Samuel Baker,	14	7 00
Wagner & Lowry,	14	7 00
John H. Retchie,	14	7 00
McConnell & Bentel,	13	10 00
Greene Township.		
Charles Calhoun,	14	7 00
J. H. Diehl & Co.	13	10 00
Joseph McFerran,	14	7 00
Michael Christler,	14	7 00
Joseph Hall,	13	10 00
John Galbreath,	13	10 00
Patton & Miller,	14	7 00
Harmony Township.		
R. L. Baker, Trustee,	14	700
Hanover Township.		
William H. Frazier,	13	10 00
Thomas Nicholson & Co.,	14	7 00
James Morrison,	13	10 00
H. Moore & Co.,	14	7 00
Industry Township		
Charles Hays,	14	7 00
Jacob Russell,	14	7 00
Jacob Ross,	14	7 00
Marion Township.		
William Buhl,	14	7 00
George Rohmler,	14	7 00
Fallston Borough.		
J. T. Cunningham & Co.,	14	7 00
Duncan, Edgar & Co.,	11	15 00
G. C. Bradshaw,	13	10 00
William Cannon, jr.	14	7 00
Hopewell Township.		
Scott & Orr,	14	7 00
J. P. Weaver,	14	7 00
New Brighton Borough.		
H. N. & J. Reeves,	13	10 00
William Kennedy,	11	15 00
M. McLaughlin,	14	7 00
L. Farren,	14	7 00
M. Gilliland,	12	12 50
J. B. Anderson,	14	7 00
D. A. Glass,	14	7 00
William M. Chase,	13	10 00
John Sargent,	14	7 00
Wm. H. Powell,	14	7 00
J. C. Rainbow,	14	7 00
New Sewickly Township		
C. Kashner,	14	7 00
Jacob Wagner,	14	7 00
George Rousher,	14	7 00
Abraham Hunter,	14	7 00
Ohio Township.		
S. T. Blackmore & Co.,	12	12 50
J. & S. Smith,	13	10 00
Samuel M'Farland,	14	7 00
John Kerr,	14	7 00
Phillipsburg Borough.		
Francis Le Goullon,	14	7 00
Anthony Knapper,	14	7 00
Rochester Borough.		
John Stiles,	13	10 00
T. M. Taylor,	11	15 00
Phillip Rees,	13	10 00
William D. Johnston,	13	10 00
S. De Forrest, Ag't,	13	10 00
R. L. Higgins,	14	7 00
William Alexander,	14	7 00
Cross & Gardner,	12	12 50
Samuel Moore,	14	7 00
David Conen,	14	7 00
G. H. Speyerer; also selling liquor with goods,	12	50 00
Raccoon Township.		
John M'Kibben,	14	7 00
William Sterling jr.	14	7 00
W. & A. Harrison,	14	7 00
John N. Dougherty,	14	7 00
Calhoun & Todd,	14	7 00
South Beaver Township.		
William M'Kee,	14	7 00
William M'Millin,	14	7 00

EXCHANGE BROKERS &c.

William R. Sterling, N. Brighton bor.	Commissions, Abatements, &c., $1000, @ 3 per ct.	30 00

RETAILERS OF COMPOUND MEDICINES &c. IN BEAVER COUNTY, FOR YEAR 1857.

G. Cunningham, Borough,	3	10 00
J. C. Levis & Co.	3	10 00
P. B. Young,	4	5 00
Chas. L. Kaiser, Rochester bor.,	3	10 00
John Sargent New Brighton bor.	3	10 00
Francis Hoops, "	4	5 00
M. Gilliland, "	4	5 00
John Black, Darlington bor.	4	5 00

BREWERS & DISTILLERS

R. L. Baker, Trustee, Harmony township,	10	50 00
H. P. Mueller, Darlington tp.	10	50 00

RESTAURANTS & EATING HOUSES.

John Stiles, Rochester bor.	7	
John M. M'Kee, "	8	
Samuel Johnston "	8	
John Jackson, New Brighton bor.	8	
Casper Whitsell, "	8	
John Boswell, "	7	

☞ NOTICE is hereby given, to all dealers in Merchandise, &c., that the undersigned has appointed WEDNESDAY, the 15th day of July, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the Commissioner's Office, in Beaver, for hearing appeals from the foregoing classifications, and to arrange and classify who have since started, or been omitted. Those of the 11th Class are estimated to sell to the amount of $15,000, and less than $20,000; those of the 12th Class to the am't of $10,000, and less than $15,000; those of the 13th Class to the amount of $5,000, and less than $10,000; those of the 14th Class to the amount of $1,000, and less than $5,000. Annual sales under $1,000 are not taxable.

☞ No appeal can be made after the above date. WILLIAM REED,

May 30, 1857. Appraiser Com. Taxes.

BEAVER ARGUS.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY

M. & J. WEYAND.

TERMS—ONE DOLLAR and FIFTY CENTS, per annum, IN ADVANCE; otherwise TWO DOLLARS will be charged. No paper discontinued, until all arrearages are settled, except at the option of the Editors.

Advertisements inserted at the rate of 50 cts. per square, of fifteen lines for one insertion—each subsequent insertion 25 cents. A liberal discount made to yearly advertisers.

☞ Letters and communications, by mail, shall have prompt attention.

IS IT ANYBODY'S BUSINESS.

Is it anybody's business
To wait upon a lady
If that lady don't refuse?
Or, to speak a little plainer,
That the meaning all may know,
Is it anybody's business
If a lady has a beau?

Is it anybody's business
But the lady's, if her beau
Rideth out with other ladies,
And does not tell her know.
Is it anybody's business
But the gentleman's, if she
Should accept another escort
Where he does not chance to be?

If a person on the sidewalk,
Whether great or whether small,
Is it anybody's business
Where that person means to call?
Or if you see a person
When he is calling anywhere
Is it anybody's business
What his business may be there?

The substance of our query,
Simply stated, would be this:
Is it anybody's business
What another's business is?
Whether 'tis or whether tisn't
We should really like to know,
For we're certain if it is not
There are some who make it so!

CURATIVE REMEDIES.

A correspondent of the New York Evening Post furnishes the following receipt for the cure of the two common diseases among children, whooping cough and croup. The croup remedy, he says, will cure in two hours:

WHOOPING COUGH.—The best kind of coffee prepared as for the table, and give as a common drink to the child as warm as can be drank; and a piece of alum for the patient to lick often as it may wish. Most children are fond of it, but if they dislike it, they must be made to taste of it eight or ten times in the course of a day. It will effectually break up the worst case of whooping cough in a very short time. To adults and children in the habit of taking coffee, the remedy is good for nothing.

CROUP.—A piece of fresh lard, as large as a butter-nut, rubbed up with sugar and prepared for the dressing of puddings, divided into intervals of twenty minutes, will relieve any case of croup not already allowed to progress the fatal point.

FOR WORMS IN CHILDREN.—Santon's powder's are excellent, take like calomel, which it resembles, in powdered loaf sugar. Little children love it, when it is almost impossible to get them to take the nauseous vermifuges.

SCARLET FEVER.—I read your notices of scarlet fever with interest, and will add, that physicians generally recommend to have their patients well rubbed over with salt bacon grease, on the first attack of scarlet fever. Jalap is said to be the best purgative of this fever.

TYPHOID FEVER.—The family Doctor's Book says typhoid fever is similar to ship fever, and is produced by insufficient and innutritious food, and want of warm clothing. It is very dangerous to give much medicine in this fever, as it is a bowel fever, and is apt to terminate in cholera, or something similar. It is good to apply flannel, wrung out in warm water, on the bowels, where there is much pain, and sponging the body all over frequently with warm water, has broken the fever.

[From Various Sources.

Sewing Machines.

The manufacture of sewing machines is becoming an important branch of industry. The New York Tribune states that of the 250 machines that have been patented, probably not half a dozen have any merit; but the few that have merit are selling in a constantly accelerating ratio. A single thrifty house engaged in the manufacture of hooped skirts, has a hundred and seventy-five sewing machines constantly at work, and is adding to the number. There are seamstresses in New York city who first borrowed money to buy one, and now own two or three, hiring other seamstresses to work those for which their own hands do not suffice. For sewing leather or other work too heavy for delicate female fingers, some of them are unequaled. The Tribune says it may not be extravagant to estimate that half the sewing in New York city is at present done by machines, but thinks the time is rapidly approaching when at least three-fourths will be. A single inventor, who has become too well off to manufacture machines, is receiving from various manufacturers at the rate of $30,000 per annum for the privilege of using his patent.

GALLANT TO THE LAST.—A correspondent of the Evening Post, writing on the "Woman Question" says, "I confess in all sincerity that I have never yet seen an ugly woman. I never find any woman entirely ugly. I enlarged upon this idea once before an audience of women. One who was extremely fat nosed said to me, "Sir, I defy you to not find me ugly." "You, madam, I replied, "are an angel fallen from heaven, only you have fallen on your nose."—Probably she did not believe me, and has maintained against the whole world that she is ugly.

A SPEECH BY TOM MARSHALL.

Among the rich things enjoyed by the favored few during the late Railroad Jubilee, was a characteristic speech from the renowned Kentucky advocate and orator, the Hon. Thos. F. Marshall. He followed Gov. Chase, at the Cincinnati reception, and spoke from the steps of the Burnet House. We quote from the correspondent of the Philadelphia Bulletin:

When Gov. Chase sat down, amid cordial applause, loud calls were heard for 'Marshall,' 'Tom Marshall,' who was 'around' with the most grotesque looking hat you ever saw. He was also slightly 'corned' but his popularity seems tough enough to stand [illegible] to and fro as the applause went on, and when it ceased he laid himself out for a good speech. And truly it was a queer and odd mixture of genius and nonsense, and about a little of everything. He began by the remark that Col. Benton is going about saying the Union is in danger, and the statement that when a fellow is a broken down politician he thinks the Union is gone. [Loud laughter.] 'If,' said Marshall, 'he had gone to Congress, the Union would have been all right now. I was defeated, and did not go to Congress, but the Union is yet safe. I think the people made a gad mistake, but the Union ain't in danger. As for Ohio people, I have no right to speak, as I come from Kentucky, where they keep niggers. Now, Ohio is a great State. On one side is the lake, and on the other the river, and you fellows are so industrious that you are uniting them by streams thro' the country. You have, too, a great many railroads, and if these were put together, they would reach to the Pacific. I have, within the last five weeks, traveled extensively in Ohio, and am free to confess I consider it a great State, great in physical and intellectual progress. You fellows are getting along in both. You have great railroads and plenty of schools. Out of two millions of your people, five hundred thousand go to school; and lately I visited one of your colleges, the finest I ever saw, where three hundred men are taught every branch of knowledge by the best professors. And really Cincinnati is a great place. I can remember (and I am not an old man,) when it was a village, and in the records of modern history, not a century ago, it was a wilderness. Our orators talk about the West! What a place that is to talk about! I am fond of a geographical discussion, and this triangle, bounded by the Mississippi, the Ohio river and the lake, I think Virginia ceded to Congress. Congress passed the Ordinance of 1787, and see the result! Industry, tried its best when making the Mississippi Valley, and when Virginia ceded it, it was a wilderness. Now look at the—the—Ordinance of 1787. [A voice—'Tom, you are tight.' Marshall—If you were as tight as I am now, nobody would recognize you. Now, listen, and see if I am tight. That gorgeous Mississippi, whose picturesque meanderings are bordered by flowers and undulating rank grass, and unrecognized save by the zephyrs of love, was never to be stained by the foot of a slave. [Applause.]

After glancing at the fine and prosperous States that had grown out of the Northwestern Territory, Mr. Marshall developed in a rather incoherent manner, but with occasional happy flashes, the fact that varied productions beget exchange, and fasten commercial relations and Unions. He held that Democracy was most successful when it had ample expansion, and ridiculed nullification and deprecated fanatical disunion abolitionists; he recalled some very vague ideas, wished about a knife and cutting a rope that both South Carolina and Massachusetts might drown when they cavorted. He said some people supposed that the spread of Democracy would play the d—l, but it did'nt; but if confined, it would bust anything on earth.

He then dilated on the different shapes of this continent from others. Looking, said he, from the north, where Dr. Kane died trying to find a road, that I don't see would have been of any use if he had found it, and besides, there ain't no way since the Almighty made it right fast and hitched it on to the North Pole. Look on down at the corn-bearing region. I hear you can grow 100 bushels of corn to the acre in the Miami Valley, and the only difficulty is, you distil too much of it into whiskey that ruins a great many talented men. Then away down South to the Sugar plantations, see how varied the productions. How gorgeous this continent, how numberless its productions. This variety makes trade and binds the Union.

Marshall here swayed about a little and began again—

'Who would trade potatoes for potatoes?'

A voice from the other side of the street—'Hurrah!'

Marshall—I hope when that comet comes, old fellow; it will switch you with its tail.

He then went on to elucidate the idea that the trade of Europe and Asia must and will centre here—that here their products must be exchanged. He then shewed the folly of the notion that the Union could be dissolved, and pictured the condition of Kentucky in such an event, obliged to pay import duties to seaboard States, and serve as the outpost of Slavery, yet certain to find her negroes poor stock. He then traced the moral and philosophical uses of mountains, rains and rivers generally, and referred to the Mississippi Valley reclining with her head in the lakes, her feet in the Gulf of Mexico, and her arms grasping the Alleghany and Rocky mountains. (A voice—'Louder.' Marshall—I am saying some beautiful things, and you have not sense enough to understand them. [Again the voice—'Louder.']

Mr. Marshall (evidently disconcerted)—'At the day of judgment, when the Ruler of the Universe is trying all things, I expect some fool will bellow 'Louder' at Him. [Loud laughter.] He went on and made some very fine remarks on the topics he had broached, and then concluded by an eloquent allusion to the providential discovery of America at the propitious time, the glory of religious toleration, and the sublimity of being free from priestly and aristocratic tyranny.

He was loudly cheered when he retired.

ANOTHER DEFALTER.

Close upon the astounding Locofoco defalcation in Ohio, comes the intelligence from California that one of the officers of the Mint there is a heavy defaulter. Nearly all the locofoco officers of that State are defaulters, and the State [illegible] its honest debts. We have [illegible] session in another quarter, and among the F. F. V's. of Virginia, dabbled with a wholesale attempt to peon. The Norfolk (Va.) corresponden of the N. Y. *Times* writes:

"It seems that certain sums of money have been missed from the vaults of the Farmers' Bank for several years past, and a number of depositors have been short credited from time to time from $20 to $100. It now appears that the teller, William Pannell, is the rogue, and that he has been swindling the Bank ever since he has been there. Pannell entered the Bank as a runner, and was promoted to the position of teller upon the death of Mr Hatton, the former teller, who died during the fever. The late Cashier Mr. Chamberlain, had to pay some $1,000 deficiency and in consequence left the Bank.

The present Cashier, Mr Tunstall, had to make good a special deposite of $800. It is understood that the former teller had, in more than one instance, to refund amounts that were found to be short. It has been the custom of one of the officers of the Bank to retire upstairs in the Bank building at 11 o'clock in the morning to partake of a lunch. They went up the other day as usual, and found that *arsenic* had been introduced into their favorite beverage, which they fortunately discovered in time. Pannell borrowed the keys of the Bank the afternoon previous to this, and was seen to come from the room. It is generally considered that he knew something about the arsenic. You will ask, what will be done with Pannell? A warrant was given to an officer on Saturday night to arrest him. But he contented himself with Pannell's promise to appear on the following morning. He, however, took his friends advice, and left for parts unknown. Truly, this is high places is better protected in [illegible] than any place was a good Locofoco, and entertained Gov. Wise when here, upon money which no doubt he had stolen. It would take too long to sum up all Pannell's rascalities."

A New Way to Detect a Thief

The father of Mr. Webster, the great American statesman, was a very humorous jocose personage.

As he was once journeying in Massachusetts, not far from his native town, he stopped late one night at an inn in the village of——. In the bar room were about twenty persons, who called out to him to discover a thief. One of the company, it appeared, had a watch taking from his pocket a few minutes before, and he knew the offender must be in the room with them.

"Fasten all the doors of the room—let no one leave it," said Mr. Webster, "and here, landlord, go and bring your wife's great brass kettle."

Boniface did as commanded. The great brass kettle was placed in the middle of the floor, bottom up—as black, and sooty, and smoky as the chimney back.

"You don't want hot water nor nothing to take off the bristles of any critter, do you, 'Squire?" said the landlord, the preparation looking so much like hog-killing.

"Go to your barn and bring me the biggest cockrill you have got."

Boniface went to the barn, and as soon returned with a tremendous great rooster, cackling all the way like mad.

The old rooster was thrown under the kettle, and the lamp blown out.

"Now, gentlemen, I don't suppose the thief is in here; but if he is, the rooster will crow when the offender touches the bottom of the kettle with his hands.—Walk around in a circle, and the cock will make known the watch stealer. The innocent need not be afraid, you know."

The company, then, to humor him and carry out the joke, walked round the kettle in the dark for a few minutes.

"All done, gentlemen?"

"All done," was the cry—"where's your crowing—we heard no cock-a-doodle-doo!"

"Bring us a light."

A light was brought as ordered.

"Now, hold up your hands, good folks."

One held up his hand after another—they were, of course, black, from coming in contact with the soot of the kettle.

"All up?"

"All up," was the response.

"All Black?"

"A—ll—don't know; here's one fellow who hasn't held up his hands."

"Ah, ha, my old boy! Let's take a peep at your paws!"

They were examined, and were not black, like those of the rest of the company.

"You'll find your watch concealed about him; search him!"

And so it proved. This fellow, not being aware any more than the rest of the trap that was set for the discovery of the thief, had kept aloof from the kettle, lest when he touched it, the crowing of the rooster should proclaim him as a thief.

As the hands of all the others were blackened, the whiteness of his own, of course, showed that he dared not touch the old brass kettle, and that he was the thief.

He was lodged in proper custody, preparatory to being sent to jail.

THE WORKINGS OF MORMONISM.

An English clergyman, who left England to join the Mormons, returned to London in September last. He has just published a volume giving his opinion of the saints found in the vicinity of the Great Salt Lake. We quote:

"One of the most repulsive features of Mormonism is the proxy system. This is so destructive to every good and honest feeling that many staunch Mormonites reject it altogether. I heard one of the oldest disciples say, that nothing on earth would ever persuade him to believe in it, [illegible] if he had a dog that believed in it, he would [illegible] reader be surprised when he knows what it is. I will endeavor to explain it briefly.—When a married man is called by conference to a foreign mission, he has the privilege, as they call it, before leaving home, of choosing some one to take the oversight of his cattle, goods, and whatever he may possess; to provide for and overlook the family, and to become the pro-tempore husband of the wife."

The ostensible reason for this arrangement is to prevent the husband from "suffering any loss" during his absence on missionary labors, since the greatness of his "future kingdom" depends upon the number of children he has here. To carry out this idea, the wife is handed over to a deputy husband, who maintains his position in the family till the husband returns. Base and immoral as this theory may be, it is strongly advocated by the leading men of the Great Salt Lake. We again quote the returned clergyman:

"But there is something more awful and paralyzing than all I have yet narrated. I mean the fearful sin of incest, which is so intimately and closely connected with polygamy. I could particularize instances where mother and daughter are married to the same man, and live with him as his wives; others, where brother and sister are man and wife, and son. Brigham Young, speaking once upon this subject in the Tabernacle, said he hoped the day was not far distant when these principles would be more fully taught and acted upon, and that children would be brought up to regard each other as future partners, for that thus the family would become more compact."

As "a case in point," we would mention that some ten months since there was a man at Liverpool, who held the office of counsellor to the British Presidency, who, aided by the authorities there, and the emigration fund, persuaded a family—father, mother and three daughters, the youngest in her teens—to emigrate to Zion. They [illegible] arriving at their destination, the unwilling and demanded the three daughters in marriage, and the parents gave a most reluctant consent. This man of God (as he styled himself) was married by Brigham Young to these three on the same day, and took them together, to his house, where he had a young wife already, and which house consisted of but one room for the accommodation of them all. In about a year one brought forth a daughter and another a son. This caused him great rejoicing, as he said that the sons would in time marry the daughters, and thus inalienably become the foundation of his kingdom.

This statement reads like a fable, and yet there is no state of facts more easily proved. That such a doctrine should exist in a Christian land, in the year of our Lord, 1857, is one of those peculiar monstrosities which no amount of logic can account for. Mormonism is the great evil of the day. How shall it be got rid of, is difficult to say. It may be put down by force, but it will not be put down by reason; for if men could reason, they never would become Mormons.

MAINE.

The Republicans of Maine are preparing for another triumph over pro-slavery Democracy, such as they achieved last September; and the action of the State Convention last week, promises even a larger majority than was given then for the Republican candidate. The Boston *Traveller* says:

"The nomination of Mr Morrill for Governor, by a vote of nearly forty to one, on the first (or only) balloting, speaks volumes for the harmony and good sense that prevail among the friends of freedom in that State, which used to be one of the most reliable of Democratic communities, and which is now equally reliable for free labor, because it was truly Democratic in its ideas. Mr Morrill was an old Democrat, and was generally counted among the hunker members of his party; but when the Cincinnati Convention, immediately after the Dred Scott outrage, made the national Democratic party over to the slave-holders in the most formal manner, Mr. Morrill would not consent to be sold. He left the self-styled Democratic party the very moment he heard what had been done. This was on the evening of the day that Mr. Buchanan was nominated, when there was hardly a man in the United States who did not believe that the Democratic nomination was tantamount to an election. He was the first man who left the Democracy, when it was seen that it had given itself up to the service of the slavery party, and had become the first of its chain-gangs. He did not wait to see what others would do, but set an example for others to follow. Others did follow it, by thousands, and to his bold and conscientious action, must be attributed, in no small degree, our splendid Maine victories of September and November."

PEARLS AT HARRISBURG.—The editor of one of the Harrisburg (Pa.) papers has found a number of pearls in muscles picked up in Paxten creek, at that place. It is now pretty well settled that pearls may be found in these shells in many sections of Pennsylvania.

Getting to Heaven by Way of New Orleans.

The Philadelphia correspondent of the New York *Dispatch*, gives the following;

A few days since, a young man who had long been attached to a church and who was about to leave for New Orleans, came to bid his pastor farewell. "And so you are going to that degenerate place, New Orleans, are you?" said the pastor. "Yes sir; but I don't expect to be influenced by any extraneous pressure of any kind," responded the young man with considerable earnestness. "Well I am glad to see you so confident. I hope the Lord will guide you. But do you know the temptations which exist there?" "Not particularly sir." "Well I do. You'll find wanton elect; and rare wines and ontop the very and you'll find fine company, and night brawling, and gambling, and dissipation, and running after the lusts of the old man Adam," "Still, sir, I hope to combat these successfully." "I hope you will, my dear Christian brother," was the reply, "I hope you will let me give you this for your consolation in case you should fall from grace. The tempter is worse than the sin, and the greater the temptation, the more merit there is in resisting it. The man who goes to Heaven *by way of New Orleans*, is sure to have twice as high a place in eternal glory as he who reaches Paradise through the quiet portals of Connecticut or Pennsylvania."

Chinese Sugar Cane.

The following letter, from an Illinois sugar planter, contains an important fact to agriculturists.

WASHINGTON, ILLS, June 17. 1857

MR ISAAC A HEDGES—*Dear Sir*—I have just received your favor of the 10th inst, inquiring the result of my experiment in making sugar cane last fall; and in reply to your questions I will say, I planted early in May, and only about one square rod of ground. The cane grew about ten feet high. I cut it in October, before any frosts; about two-thirds of the seed was ripe when cut; I ground it immediately after cutting, in an old cylinder cider mill, and I ground only a part of the cane I had in consequence of breaking the mill. I did not measure the juice I got. I boiled it in a common kettle. The syrup foamed in boiling like maple syrup. I clarified it with a little lime, knowing nothing about cane sugar. I managed it just as I would maple sugar, and tried to make it granulate by that process and set it away. In about six or eight days I looked at it and found it a very handsome article of well granulated sugar. The syrup was pronounced by all who tasted it to be good, equal to any we get from the South. You will see that that good [illegible] or *Yield* [illegible] is not a test of the quality nese cane. I have planted thirteen acres of cane this year, and it is now up and looks well. I shall want all the apparatus for manufacturing this fall. I shall be glad to hear from you, any information you can give me will be appreciated.

Truly yours, JOHN L MARSH.

HOW TO TELL WHEN IT IS NOON.—Town clocks are wonderful inventions, inasmuch as they tell men who work by the day, precisely when it is noon. The *North American* gives this advice, probably intended for deaf men, who carry no watches:—

"Watch the paralysis which seizes on men who work by the day. Twelve o'clock strikes them as powerless as a blow from a meat axe. We witnessed a Molesian, yesterday, ascending a ladder with a hod full of bricks. Just as he reached the top when the State House clock told him that "time was up," what does the reader suppose he did? "Stepped upon the platform perhaps and dumped the oblongs!" Not a bit of it. He just let go the hod and tumbled them all back upon the side-walk. He wouldn't have moved a peg forward if all Philadelphia had depended upon it.—Queer fellows, those Milesians!"

Important Bill.

The following bill, important to our interests, has become a law:

An act relating to City, County and Township Treasurers.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted, &c., That whenever any moneys shall have been or may hereafter be collected by law in any city, county or township, for any special purpose and paid into the hands of the treasurer of such city, county or township, it shall be unlawful for such treasurer to apply such moneys, or any part thereof, to any other purpose than that for which such moneys shall have been or may be collected, and every such misapplication shall be held and deemed a misdemeanor, for which such treasurer may be indicted and [illegible] Court of Quarter Sessions of the proper city or county, and upon conviction thereof, such treasurer shall be punished by fine of not less than the amount so misapplied, and by imprisonment in the jail of the proper city or county for not less than three months nor more than one year. *Provided*, That prosecutions for all offences under this act shall be commenced within six years from the time when such offence was committed.

Signed and approved 16th May, 1857.

IGNORANCE IN FRANCE.—An analysis of a late report of the population of France shows a remarkable degree of ignorance on the part of the people of that country.—Out of 513,326 individuals joined together in the bands of wedlock, only 170,172 husbands were capable of signing their names upon the register; 86,491 could not even read! 140,540 women declared they could neither write nor read. The writer of the *Journal des Debats* remarks upon this point, that "in the country that calls itself the most enlightened in the world, far more than one-third of the women married in 1853, knew neither how to read nor to write."

More Lynch Law in Iowa.

LYONS, Iowa, June 27, 1857.—On last Thursday a large body of men from the western portion of Clinton county, and also some from Scott, Cedar and Jackson counties, assembled to break up a gang of horse thieves which has infested the neighborhood of Toronto, on the Wapsipinicon river.—The committee is said to have been composed of near two hundred men. They proceeded to the house of Mr. Warren, an old resident of Clinton county, and surrounded it. Mr. W. was plowing corn in his field near by, when the 'regulars' arrested him. His house was searched and some papers found which showed that he, together with a list of the stopping places and a schedule of the cost of running away stolen horses.

Warren was then arraigned before the Regulators, tried, and found guilty and hung upon a tree near his own house.—Warren is said to be an old offender, and I am informed has been tried by the courts once or twice for horse-stealing, but always acquitted. A few moments before the 'regulators' came to his house, he was warned by a neighbor of their approach and advised to mount his horse and flee, but he refused to do so.

On the same day, a man by the name of Page, one of the suspected gang, was shot dead while trying to escape from the 'Regulators.'

I am also informed by a gentleman just from the scene of disturbance, that two men, said to be horse theives and who lived near Waraen's were hung by the "regulators" on Friday and also, that the "regulators" were at our county seat, Dewitt, yesterday in search of more of the gang.

GOOD BACKERS—AN INCIDENT OF SPIRITUALISM—A long-bearded customer recently entered a spiritual book-store in this city and applied for an agency. He proposed to take a large quantity of books to his part of the country, "away out west" where he represented that he could soon sell them, as he was assured by the "invisibles." The enterprising bookseller was of course delighted with this prospect of a sale; but his enthusiasm was somewhat dampened when the long-bearded gentleman remarked that he had no money, and wanted the books entirely upon credit.

"Are you responsible" was the natural inquiry of the merchant.

"Perfectly."

"What evidence of your reliability can you furnish?"

"I have the best of backers, men whose names you know well."

The merchants countenance brightened—

"Very well," said he, "let us see your papers." Thereupon the customer presented undersigned, having been acquainted spiritually with Mr ——, of —— Wisconsin, for many years, recommend him as perfectly reliable, and would not be afraid to trust him to any amount.

GEORGE WASHINGTON,
THOMAS JEFFERSON,
HENRY CLAY,
THOMAS PAYNE,
JOHN MILTON, and others.

"Through Jane E——; medium."

The bookseller remarked that the backers were good if the medium was reliable; but he thought, on the whole, he would prefer to keep the books. The customer thereupon denounced the bookseller as an impostor, telling him that he did not believe his own doctrines, and that the spirits would expose his duplicity to the world. Of this he felt assured by the spirit of prophecy within him. The bookseller was not convinced.— *N. Y. Post.*

BREAKERS AHEAD.—The shrewd politicians in New York, connected with the National Administration, are not so slow to perceive dangers ahead for Mr. Buchanan growing out of double-faced policy pursued towards Kansas. If Georgia and the South generally denounces Walker, some counteracting movement in the North is necessary, or else what is the President to do? The New York correspondent of the Philadelphia *Ledger* indicates the current of feeling in that city upon the new question that has arisen:

"A meeting is to be held here by a certain class of Democrats, in favor of the Administration policy in Kansas, that is to say, in favor of submitting the new constitution to the approval or rejection of the people. Some of the old hunker Democrats, I hear are opposed to any movement on the subject, on the ground that it is inopportune and uncalled for, and must result only in adding to the embarrassments of the Administration, and the Barnburners to the Administration that the Democracy should speak out.

Consultations, I learn have been held on the subject during the day, with the view to reconcile conflicting views. The action of the Georgia State Convention, condemning the policy of Gov. Walker, and opposing the proposition to let them have a vote on the constitution, has aroused the "dander" of the Soft Shells, who think that unless the President be encouraged, he will quail before the Southern menances and go over to the fire-eaters."

EXTENSIVE HAUL OF COUNTERFEIT NOTES.—A man named Driggs has been arrested at St. Louis with $5,465 in counterfeit bank bills in his possession. Among them were $100 notes on the Farmers' Bank of Maryland, 5's on two Virginia banks—the Bank of Commerce and the Northwestern Bank. He had also in his possession four plates for the manufacture of bogus notes.

☞ A Yankee who was lying at the point of death, has whittled it off, and is slowly recovering.

List of Premiums

TO BE AWARDED AT THE

FIFTH ANNUAL FAIR

OF THE

Beaver Co. Agricultural Society,

TO BE HELD

TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY & THURSDAY,

Sept. 29th & 30th, and Oct. 1st, 1857

Class No. 1—Farms and Gardens.

Best cultivated Farm of not less than 50 acres, strict attention being paid to the style and condition of out houses, fences, farming, skillful management, &c Diploma & $8 00

2nd best do do 5 00

Best cultivated Vegetable Garden, Dip. & 3 00

2d best do do 2 00

Best Flower and Ornamental Garden, 3 00

2d best do do 2 00

Judges.—David Minis, Benj. Rush Bradford, and John Potter.

Note.—Competitors desiring to enter Class No. 1, (Farms and Gardens,) must furnish the Secretary with their names before the 1st of August, 1857.

Class No. 2—Horses.

Best Blooded Stallion, 4 years old and upwards, Silver Cup, or $10 00

2d best do do 5 00

Best do do 3 years old, 5 00

2d best do do do 2 00

2d best do do do 2 00

Best do for all purposes, 4 years old and upwards, 5 00

2d best do do do 5 00

Best do do do 3 years old, 5 00

2d best do do do 3 00

Best do do do 2 years old, 3 00

2d best do do do 2 00

Best do do do Colt, 1 y'r old, 1 00

2d best do do do do Dip. & 50

Best Blooded Brood Mare, 4 years old and upwards, 5 00

2d best do do do 3 00

Best do do do 3 y'rs old, Dip & 2 00

2d best do do do do 2 00

Best do do do 2 y'rs old, Dip & 2 00

2d best do do do do 2 00

Best do do do 1 y'r old, Dip. & 1 00

2d best Blodded Brood Mare 1 year old, 1 00

Best Brood Mare for all purposes, 4 years old and upwards, Dip. & 5 00

2d best do do do 3 00

Best do do do 3 years old, 5 00

2d best do do do do 3 00

Best do do do 2 years old, 3 00

2d best do do do do 2 00

Best do do do 1 year old, 2 00

2d best do do do do 2 00

Best Span Matched Horses or Mares, 5 00

2d best do do do 3 00

Best Saddle Horse or Mare, 4 y'rs and over 4 00

2d best do do do do 3 00

Best Trotter, 4 00

2d best do 2 00

Best Pacer or Racker, 4 00

2d best do do 2 00

Best Span Carriage Horses or Mares, 5 00

2d best do do do do 3 00

Best Span Heavy Draught Horses or Mares 5 00

2d best do do do do 3 00

Best Jack, 5 00

2d best do 3 00

Best Span of Mules, 5 00

2d best do do 3 00

Best Mule Colt, 1 00

2d best do Dip. & 50

Best Family Carriage-Horse or Mare, 4 00

2d best do do do do 3 00

Judges.—Jacob Smith, South Beaver; Wm. P. Alcorn, Lawrence Co.; John Patterson, Raccoon; Washington Johnson, South Beaver.

Class No. 3—Cattle.

Best Durham Bull 3 years old or over, $8 00

2d best do do do 7 00

Best do do 2 years old, 5 00

2d best do do do 2 00

Best do do 1 year old 2 00

2d best do do do 1 00

Best do do 6 months old, 1 00

2d best do do do 50

Best Durham Cow 3 years old and over, 5 00

2d best do do do 3 00

Best do do 2 years old, 3 00

2d best do do do 2 00

Best do do Heifer, 1 year old, 2 00

2d best do do do 1 00

Best do Calf under 1 year, 1 00

2d best do do do 50

Best Devon Bull 3 years old and over, $ 00

2d best do do do 7 00

Best do do 2 years old, 5 00

2d best do do do 2 00

Best do do 1 year old, 2 00

2d best do do do 1 00

Best do Bull Calf under 1 year old, 1 00

2d best do do do do 50

Best do Cow 3 years and over, 3 00

2d best do do do 2 00

Best do do 2 years old, 3 00

2d best do do do 2 00

Best do do 1 year old, 2 00

2d best do do do 1 00

Best do Heifer Calf, 1 00

2d best do do do 50

Best Hereford Bull 3 years and over, 8 00

2d best do do do 7 00

Best do do 2 years old, 5 00

2d best do do do 2 00

Best do do 1 year old, 2 00

2d best do do do 1 00

Best do Calf, 1 00

2d best do do do 50

Best Native or Cross Bull 3 years and over, 5 00

2d best do do do 2 00

Best do do 1 year old, 3 00

2d best do do do 1 00

Best do do Calf, 50

2d best do do do 2 00

Best do Cow 3 years old, 3 00

2d best do do do 2 00

Best do do 1 year old, 2 00

2d best do do do 1 00

Best Yoke Work Oxen 5 years and over, 5 00

2d best do do do do 3 00

Best Yoke Match Oxen 5 years and over, 5 00

2d best do do do do 2 00

Best Beef—Ox or Cow, 3 00

Judges.—Joseph Douthitt, Darlington; Thos. Smith, Ohio; Samuel C. Clow, North Sewickly

Class No. 4—Sheep.

Best Saxony Buck, $5 00

2d best do do 4 00

Best do Ewes, Three, 3 00

2d best do do do 2 00

Best do Lambs, Three, 2 00

2d best do do do 1 00

Best French Buck, 5 00

2d best do do 4 00

Best do Ewes, Three, 3 00

2d best do do do 2 00

Best do Lambs, Three, 2 00

Best do do do 1 00

2d best do do do 50

Best Spanish Buck 4 00

2d best do do 3 00

Best do Ewes, Three, 2 00

2d best do do do 2 00

Best do Lambs, Three, 1 00

2d best do do do 50

Best Southdown Buck, 4 00

2d best do do 3 00

Best do Ewes, Three, 2 00

2d best do do do 2 00

Best do Lambs, Three, 1 00

2d best do do do 50

Best Leicester Buck, 4 00

3d best do do 3 00

Best do Ewes, Three, 2 00

2d best do do do 2 00

Best do Lambs, Three, 1 00

2d best do do do 50

Best Fleece of Wool, Weight a Quality, 1 00

Best 5 Fat Wethers, 3 00

Judges.—John Barclay, Ohio; Richard Boon, Raccoon; Washington Johnson, South Beaver.

Class No. 5—Swine.

Best Boar, $5 00

2d best Boar, 4 00

Best Sow and Pigs, 5 00

2d best do do 3 00

Best Sow, 3 00

2d best Sow, 2 00

Best Fat Hog, 2 00

2d best Fat Hog, 1 00

Best Pig unper 1 year old. 1 00

Judges.—Capt. Dan'l Dawson, Ohio; Capt. Stephen Stone, Borough; Capt Charles Fisher, Moon.

Class No. 6—Poultry.

Best 3 Shanghais, 2 Hens and 1 Cock, $1 00

" 3 Half breed, do do 1 00

" 3 Cochin China, do do 1 00

" 3 BrahmaPootra, do do 1 00

" 3 Bolton Grays, do do 1 00

" 3 Dorking, do do 1 00

" 3 Poland, do do 1 00

" Pair Turkeys, Dip. & 1 00

" Pair Muscovy Ducks, 1 00

" Pair Oommon do 1 00

" Pair Wild Geese, Domesticated, 1 00

" Collection of Poultry, not less than 10, belonging to one person, 2 00

2d best do do do do 1 00

Judges.—Wm. Leaf, Rochester; Thomas Thorniley, Fallston; Charles H. Schriner Philipsburg.

Class No. 7—Dairy.

Best Print Butter, 6 lbs, Silver Teaspoons worth $5 00

2d best Print Butter, 6 lbs, Butter Knife, worth 3 00

3d best Print butter, 6 lbs, Dip. & 1 00

Best butter, 10 lbs, 3 months old, Diploma and Butter Knife, worth 5 00

Best Cheese, 20 lbs, or over, 2 00

2d best do do do 1 00

Judges.—Mrs. Clarissa Shiveley, Beaver; Nancy Dunlap, Bridgewater; Eliza Frazier, Rochester.

Class No. 8—Honey, &c.

Best Lot of Honey, in Wood or Glass, $2 00

2d Best do do do 1 00

best Maple Sugar, 1 00

2d best do 50

Judges.—John Hunter, Ohio; H. N. Frazier, Rochester; S. M. Crail, Raccoon.

Class No 9—Field Crops.

Best Acre of Wheat, $3 00

2d best do 1 00

best Acre of Rye, 2 00

2d best do 1 00

best Acre of Oats, 2 00

best Acre of barley, 2 00

2d best do 1 00

best Acre of Corn, 2 00

2d best do 1 00

best Seed White Wheat, 3 bushels, 2 00

2d best do do 1 00

best Seed Red Wheat, 3 bushels, 2 00

2d best do do 1 00

best barley, 1 bushel, 1 00

best Corn in Ear, 20 bushels, 1 00

best Clover Seed, ½ bushel, 1 00

best Timothy Seed, ½ bushel, 1 00

best Flax Seed, ½ bushel, 1 00

best beans, ½ bushel, 1 00

best Potatoes, ½ bushel, 1 00

best Assortment of Potaties, 1 00

Judges.—J. W. Ramsey, South Beaver; Jas. Smith, Raccoon; Evan P. Townsend, New Brighton.

Class No 10—Root crops.

Best Acre of Neshannock Potatoes, $2 00

best acre of Red do 2 00

best acre of Pink Eye do 2 00

best lot of Sweet do 1 00

best Mangel Wurtzel, 50

best Carrots, 50

best Turnips, 50

best Ruta bage, 50

best Cabbage, 50

best Onions, 50

best Turnip beets, 50

best Parsnips, 50

qest Sweet Pumpkins, 50

best Collection of Squashes, 50

best lot of Watermelons, 1 00

best Citrons, 50

best Collection of Vegetables, 1 00

best ½ bushel of Tomatoes, 50

Judges.—George Barclay, Brighton tp; B. D. Douds, Raccoon, Jos. Irwin, Rochester tp.

Class No 11—Fruit.

Best 6 varieties of Fall Apples, 6 each, $2 00

2d best do do do 1 00

best 6 varieties Winter Apples, do 2 00

2d best 6 do do do 1 00

best 4 largest Col. do do 2 00

2d best do do do 1 00

best Seeding Apples, 1 00

best half bushel Apples, 50

best 3 varieties Summer and Fall Pears, Five each, 1 00

2d best 3 varieties Summer & Fall Pears, Five each, 50

best Winter Pears, 3 varieties, 50

best peck of Winter Pears, 3 varieties, 50

best 6 varieties of Peaches, 6 each, 2 00

2d best 6 varieties of do do 1 00

best collection of do 1 00

best 4 varieties of Plums, 6 each, 1 00

best collection of do 1 00

best Dozen Quinces, 1 00

best Grapes, Isabella, 4 peck, 1 00

best do Catawba, do 1 00

best do Native, do 50

best Strawberries, 1 00

best Collection of Fruits, generally, to one person, 3 00

best Dried Peaches, 4 bushel, 1 00

best do Apples, do 1 00

Judges.—Philip Cooper, Moon; Joseph Ewing, Industry; Samuel Stiles, Pulaski.

Class No. 12—Farm Implements.

Best Plow, two Horse, $2 00

best one Horse Plow, 1 00

best Hillside Plow, 1 00

best Corn Plow, 1 00

best Grain Drill, 3 00

best Reaping and Mowing machine, 5 00

best Corn Planter, 1 00

best Square Harrow, 1 00

best Triangle do 1 00

best Clover Huller, 3 00

best Horse Hay Rake, 1 00

best Cutting Box, 1 00

best Machine to gather Clover Seed, 1 00

best Seed sower, 1 00

best Grain Cradle, 50

best Threshing machine, 3 00

best Corn Sheller, 1 00

best Cider Mill, 2 00

best Fanning Mill, 2 00

best Wheelbarrow, 50

best Corn Cultivator, 1 00

best Horse Shoeing, 1 00

best Hay Ladder, 2 00

best Farm Ladder, 20 feet long, 50

best Garden Ladder, 16 do 50

best Farm Roller, 1 00

best 6 do Axes Dip. and 100

best 4 dozen Flour barrels, 1 00

best and most numerous Collection of Agricultural Implements, Dip. and 2 00

Judges.—Wm G. Wolf, Brighton tp; Hugh Irvine, Rochester tp; Henry Alcorn, Moon.

CLASS 13—MECHANICAL IMPLEMENTS.

Best 2 Horse Carriage or Buggy, dip & 2 00

best 1 do do Dip. & 1 00

best 2 do Wagon, Dip. & 2 00

best Dressing Bureau, Dip. & 1 00

best Sofa, Dip. & 1 00

best 6 Mahogany Chairs, 1 00

best 6 Common do 1 00

best Cane Seat do 1 00

best Dining Table, 50

best Wash Stand, 50

best Basket; Split, 50

best do Willow, Dip. & 50

best Picture Frame, 1 00

best Carving on Wood, Diploma.

best Dozen of Buckets, Dip. & 1 00

best do Tubs, Diploma.

best White Lead Kegs, 1 00

best Churn, Dip. & 1 00

best Pump, 1 00

best Bee Hive, 1 00

best Manure Forks, 6, 1 00

best Hay do 6 50

best Broad Axe, 50

best Cutlery, 1 00

best Sample of Iron Railing, 2 00

best Cooking Stove, Dip. & 1 00

best Coal Stove, for Heating Churches and School Houses, 2 00

best Castings, generally, 1 00

best Stone-ware, Dip. & 1 00

best Fruit Jars, 6, three q'ts, Dip. & 1 00

best do 6, two do 1 00

best Glassware, Dip. & 1 00

best Fire Brick, Dip. & 1 00

best Common do Dip. & 1 00

Judges.—T. B White, New Brighton; Johnston Small, Bridgewater; Socrates Small, Bridgewater.

CLASS 14—LEATHER & ITS MANUFACTURES.

Best Harness Leather, Dip. & 1 00

best Skirting, 1 00

best Sole, 1 00

best Upper, 1 00

best Bridle, 1 00

best Kip Skins, 4 1 00

best Calf-Skins, 4 Dip. & 1 00

best Double Set of Car. Har. Dip. & 3 00

best Set of Single do 1 50

best do of Double farm Harness, 2 00

best Man's Saddle, 2 00

best Side Saddle, 2 00

best Bridle and Martingal, 1 00

best Halter, 50

best Leather Trunk, 1 00

best P'r Gen's Calf Boots, Dip. & 2 00

best do Boot Kips, 1 00

best Stogs, 1 00

best Shoes, 1 00

best Pair of Ladies' Boots, Dip. & 1 00

best do do Shoes, 50

best do do Slippers, 50

Judges.— Harrison M'Millan, South Beaver; John W. Thomas, Borough; Oscar Nicholson, Rochester.

CLASS 15.—AMERICAN MANUFACTURES.

Best 10 yards of Broadcloth, 2 00

best 10 do of Satinett, 1 00

best 5 Shawls, 1 00

best Sewing Silk, Diploma.

best Silk Vesting, 1 00

best Flax or Tow Bagging, 1 00

best 6 Pieces of Country Linen, 1 00

best 6 Reams of Writing Paper, 1 00

best Corn Brooms, ½ Dozen, 1 00

best Silk Hats, 1 00

best Fur Hats, 3, 1 00

best bbl of Flour; 1 00

Judges.—Hiram Stowe, Borough; Thos. M. Taylor, Rochester; John Sterling, Hookstown.

CLASS 16.—DOMESTIC MANUF'CS.

Best Ornamental Needle work, 1 00

best Coverlet, 1 00

2d best do 50

Best pair of Blankets, 1 00

best Table cover, 1 00

best Rag Carpet, 15 yds, Dip. & 1 00

best Woolen Carpet, 15 yds, 1 00

2d best do do 50

Best Diaper, 5 yds, 50

best do Linen, 5 yds, 50

best specimen Linen Thread, 50

best Thread Lace, 4 yds, 50

best knit Woolen Stocking, 50

best knit Mits, and Gloves, each, 80

best 2 loaves Bread, Dip. & 1 00

best Pound Cake, 50

best Sponge Cake, 50

best Jelly do 50

best Preserves, Peach, 50

best Fruit Jelly, 50

best Preserves, Strawberry, 50

best Specimen of Pickles, 50

best sample of Apple, Quince, and Peach Butter, each 1 gallon, 1 00

2d best do 50

best Home made Soap, 1 00

2d best do do 50

best Candles, 50

best Ornamental Shell work, 1 00

best Stand Cover, 1 00

best Silk Bonnot, 1 00

2d best do 50

best Patch Work Quilt, 2 00

2d do do do 1 00

3d do do do 50

best White Quilt, 1 00

2d do do 50

best Collar, 1 00

Best Specimen Wax Flowers, 1 00

best Specimen Artificial Flowers, 1 00

Judges.—Mrs Cynthia Cunningham; Mrs. Mary A. Power, Rochester; Mrs. Rosanna Potter, Raccoon.

CLASS 17—FLOWERS.

Best variety and collection Flowers, 1 00

2d best do do 50

best col. and var. of Flowers in pots, 1 00

best Greenhouse plants, 1 00

best Basket of Flowers, 1 00

2d best do do 50

best Moss Vase with Flowers, 1 00

best Dish Vase with Flowers, 1 00

best Hand Boquet, 1 00

2d best do 50

best Flat Boquet, 1 00

2d best do 50

best Table Boquet, 1 00

2d best do 50

best Floral Design, 1 00

2d best do 50

Judges—Miss Susan Pentland, Rochester; Miss Nancy Moorehead, Sharon; Mrs. Joseph McConnol, New Brighton.

CLASS 18—MISCELLANEOUS.

Best Stone Fence, 1 00

best Hurdle Fence, 1 00

best Post and Rail Fence, 1 00

best and largest specimen Coal Dip. & 1 00

best Dress Coat, best made, Dip & 1 00

best Sack or Overcoat, do Dip. & 1 00

best Satin or Velvet Vest, Dip. & 50

best Pair Pants, 50

best Specimen Wire, Dip. & 1 00

best Oil Paintings, Diploma.

best Crayon and Water Colors, Diploma

best Daguerreotypes or Ambrotypes, Dip.

best Specimen Plain and Fancy Job Printing, Diploma.

best Living Hedge, 1 00

best Specimen Stone cutting, Diploma

best Specimen Brick laying, Diploma.

best 2 Hams cured by Exhibitor, 2 00

2d best do do 1 00

3d best do do 50

Judges—John McCarter, Chippewa; Abner P. Leacock, Rochester; Lorenzo Childs, Fallston.

CLASS 18—LOGGING MATCHES.

Three Plowig Matches will be held—one East of the Beaver River; one South of the Ohio, and one West of Beaver river. These will be under the management of the Managers of the respective Districts. Of the time and place due notice will be given.

The name of the Ploughman must be given, as well the kind of Plough to be used, at the time of entering.

Each Section will appoint its own Judges.

DISCRETIONARY PREMIUMS

May be awarded to articles of merit not embraced in the foregoing List.

Judges—David Scott, Brighton; John Johnston, farm, Ohio; W. L. Dickinson, Rochester; O unningham, Beaver; Jos. T. Pugh, New Brighton, Reuben Watt, South Beaver; ames Stewart, Moon.

RULES AND REGULATIONS FOR THE GOVERNMENT of the FAIR.

Rule 1. Competitors at the Fair must become member of the Society, and have certificates of membership, which must be shown to the Secretary before any entries can be made. They must also be Citizens of the County, and owners or the property exhibited *for premiums*.

Rule 2. Numbered cards must be attached to all Articles, Stock, &c. which can be procured of the Secretary, but names of owners strictly excluded until after the award of Premium.

Rule 3. All animals or articles must be on the Ground before 10 o'clock, A. M. on Tuesday, September 28th, that they may be arranged in readiness for examination by the Judges immediately thereafter. Articles may subsequently be offered for exhibition, but in no case will premiums be awarded upon the second day entries. All cards on such shall be marked *second day entry*. The same article cannot be used to take two premiums.

Rule 4. All the Judges are required to report themselves at the stand, at 10 o'clock, on Tuesday morning, otherwise vacancies will be immediately filled up by the Board. They will make full and detailed reports, and return them to the Secretary before 10 o'clock on Wednesday.—Several Departments, as set forth in the Premium List. When a worthy object is presented, they are to refer it the Discretionary Committee.

Rule 5. Judges will not award premiums upon indifferent objects with little or no competition.

Rule 6. Exhibitors are not to make themselves known to the Judges—who are not to be interfered with in any manner, by any person

Rule 7. Competitors for field crop premiums must present certified statements of disinterested persons.

Rule 8. No animal or article entered for premium can be removed until the close of the Fair, except by special permission. All Stock &c. on exhibition will be subject to the order and direction of the Board of Managers.

Rule 9 No person will be permitted to serve as a Judge, if he or she may be competing for a premium in the same class or in any way interested.

Rule 10. The Board of Managers may award premiums on articles of special merit from other Counties or States.

Rule 11. Tickets of membership ($1) give all the privilege for the year, including succeeding election, and admit to the Fair Ground during the Exhibition, the heads of a family and children residing at home, except males over 21 years age. Single Tickets admitting one persop. 25 cents each, which will be good for one day only.

Rule 12. Each Horse or Colt brought upon the Ground, (except those engaged in hauling articles to the Fair, which shall not remain,) will be taxed 15cts each— a pair of horses (one owner) in harness or otherwise, 25 cents.

Rule 13. All Carriages, Buggies &c. used in the ring, must be driven outside of the Grounds immediately after training.

Rule 14. All Carriages, Wagons, or Vehicles of any kind, coming within the enclosure (except the provisions in Rules 12th and 13th,) must be entered for competition, and have a numbered card placed thereon: None others can be admitted

Rule 15. All persons having Horses to exhibit or train in the ring are required to show their Certificate of membership, both at the Stock gate and entrance to the ring.

Rule 16. All articles in the Manufacturing or Mechanical Departments, must be made in the County, and within a period of one year previous to the present Fair.

Rule 17. Although an animal or article may be exhibited in more than one Class, but one premium can be awarded.

Rule 18. Judges must become members of the Society.

Rule 19. Judges are requested to make a note of every article that comes before them, as the Board wish to make a full report, with the name of the owner attached.

Rule 20. Hay or Straw for Stock will be furnished free of charge, and Grain at cost price, and an abundance of Water will be on the Grounds for all purposes.

Rule 21. Any person who may bring Intoxicating Liquors on the Fair Ground, either to drink himself, or to give away, shall be expelled from the enclosure, and not be permitted to enter again.

The Managers will have an Auctioneer to sell any animals or articles exhibited, which the owners may wish to dispose of, on the third day.

The Secretary of the Society, (D. Z. Imbrie,) will be ready to receive entries for two weeks previous to the Fair, and would earnestly request all who can, to make application before the Fair, as it will facilitate arrangements that may be made for their accommodation.

The Board of Managers (which includes the Officers,) will be present on the Grounds and will be pleased to give any information to competitors or others who may desire it.

An Address will be delivered from the Stand at 1 o'clock P. M on the second day of the Fair. The award of premiums will be read immediately afterwards.

The Board have taken considerable pains in the arrangement of the Premium List for this year; yet we are far from flattering ourselves that we have a complete List.—We hope however, that this will not deter any from bringing articles not enumerated in our List. We have a a large Discretionary Committee, and no pains will be spared on that part of the Board for the accommodation of all.

D. Z. IMBRIE, Sec'y.

We have Got 'Em.

All doubt in relation to the election in Minnesota is dispelled. Every county has been heard from, and the clear Republican majority is sixteen delegates. The Convention will consit of 102 members, of whom.

There are Republicans,.....59

" " Pro Slavery Democrats.....43

Republican majority;.....16

While the result seemed in doubt, the Pro-Slavery leaders sent an express to Pembina, to bring down six half breeds residing outside of the boundaries of the proposed State, as defined by act of Congress, for the purpose of securing a majority in the Convention. But that game is blocked.—The six red-skin scalper allies of the Democracy will be summarily kicked out of the Convention. if they attempt to obtrude their copper heads upon that body. Even if admitted to seats, it would be of no party advantage to the "Buck Africans," as the Indians would not hold the balance of power.

We presume that, after filling their skins with fire water, enjoying a dog feast and a war dance, at the expense of their white confederates, they will take the back trail to the Red river of the North, having their tramp for their trouble.—*Chicago Trib.*

Good Pluck—The following incident took place at Big Spring, Kansas. While Govenor Walker was speaking to the people there, Attorney General Weir got into conversation with Judge Smith, lately from Butler county in this State:

"Attorney General Weir, having become somewhat nervous and excited, asserted that the Free State men were a set of cowards.

"Judge Smith, a man of 50 years and more, overheard the expression, and proclaimed it false. Weir didn't like the lie di. protected him from a thrashing.

"Then take 30 years from my age, said the Judge, and meet me as though I were but twenty-one.

"Weir, finding that he had a man to deal with, backed out ingloriously, by asserting that the Judge was surrounded by friends to which the Judge promptly replied that they could go alone to the prairie and fight it out.

"This worried the Attorney General still more, and he finaly vamosed in a most cowardly manner

Another—The Clarion *Banner*, one of the papers relied on by the Sanderson and Brady clique to support the Lancaster nominations has run up the Wilmot ticket and turns a cold shoulder upon the "side door" operations. The editor expresses his strong attachment to the "American" party, but adds:

"But we are sure it can never win either respect or victory so long as it is controlled by a few log-rollers, whose only object is to spread difficulty in the way of success.

For our part we would sacrifice much—but cannot surrender principle—we dare not ignore right—we must not seek the elevation of men to office merely because they call themselves Americans, who lacking the proper qualification must bring disgrace to our cause and earn the withering contempt of the world."

Where did the money go to?—Bresslio, the Locofoco State Treasurer of Ohio, who stole well up to a million of public money, appears to have had a fancy for carrying on Wild Cat banks with the people's money. The Baltimore *Sun* says:

"We will simply state that Mr. B. is known to have been the purchaser, and is at present the ostensible proprietor of the whole or a majority of the stock of two of our Maryland Banks, viz: the Greensborough Bank, of Caroline county, and the Cumberland Savings Bank, of Allegheny county.

We have not heard that the latter has been conducted otherwise than efficiently, or that the former is not at present correctly managed. What was its doubtful character formerly is well known."

A Master-piece out done. We have until lately supposed Ayer's Cherry Pectoral was the Ultima Thule in its line, and that nothing had been or would be invented which could surpass it in its fine points of excellence as a medicine. But we are confidently assured by those competent to judge on the subject, that Dr Ayer's new Pills excel in high medical artistry even that widely celebrated embodiment of his skill. He has succeded in making them not only pleasant to take but powerful to cure the large class of complaints which require a purgative remedy.

—*Lancaster Argus Ky.*

One fact connected with the Washington riot is full of alarm for the future—a majority of the mob which is said to have been boys under eighteen years of age. The mob which hung the negroes in Louisville, a few weeks ago. was partly composed of the same material and wherever a riot occurs we have the same report. And these are to be the men who in a short time will have controll of the country!

BEAVER ARGUS.

M. WEYAND.....J. WEYAND.

M & J. Weyand, Editors & Proprietors

BEAVER, PA.,

WEDNESDAY, JULY 8, 1857.

FOR GOVERNOR,

DAVID WILMOT

Of Bradford County.

FOR SUPREME JUDGES.

James Veech,

Of Fayette County,

Joseph J. Lewis,

Of Chester County.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,

WM. MILLWARD,

Of Philadelphia.

UNION COUNTY TICKET.

Assembly.

DE LORMA IMBRIE, Borough.

Sheriff.

WILLIAM W IRWIN.....

Register & Recorder.

SAMUEL B. WILSON, Borough.

Treasurer.

WILLIAM HENRY, of Borough.

Clerk of Courts.

ALFRED G. McCREARY, N. Brighton.

Commissioner.

ABNER MORTON, Franklin.

Auditor.

ANDREW M. PURDY, Raccoon.

Coroner.

NATHAN P. COUCH, New Brighton.

Poor House Director.

(A Vacancy.)

Trustees of Academy.

M. T. KENNEDY, N. Brighton, (4 years.)
SAMUEL MOREHEAD, Sharon, (4 yrs.)
SMITH CUNNINGHAM, Beaver, (3 yrs.)
ABNER P. LACOCK, Rochester tp (2 yrs.)

Union County Committee.—Mr Reed, the Chairman of the Convention which assembled at this place on the 29th ult., has announced the following persons to constitute the County Executive Committee:—James Darragh, W B McGaffick, Wm K Boden, Hugh Anderson, G N Taylyr, W B Courtney, David Crichlow, Silas Merrick, T J Chandler, Wm Porter, Samuel Keefi, John Sleutz, John McCarter, Milton Lawrence, Wm Shrodes, R C Scott, James Orr.

The Fourth passed off in this vicinity quietly and without accident, so far as we have learned. Some of the Sabbath Schools celebrated the occasion in the woods, others in their respective churches.

Quite a lively time was had in the city. Martial music, and cannonading, during the day and brilliant fire works in the evening, were the chief attractions.

Lawrence Co. Ticket.—The following persons were nominated by the Republicans of Lawance Co, on the 29th to fill the offices for which they are named; Senate—Wm M Francis. Assembly—G P Shaw. Associate Judge,—Samuel Vanhorn. Commissioner,—Isaac P. Cowden. Treasurer,—Isaac N Phillips. Auditor—J R Miller.

"Packer and Repeal"

This watchword, which was thrown to the breeze so cheerily by the Democratic Press, a month or two ago, with the seeming determination to do or die under it, has suddenly collapsed, and been compelled to come down since the decision of the Supreme Court has been rendered, and the sale of the Public Works effected. It is amusing to note the coolness with which some of them haul down these colors. They profess to hold out the idea that the Supreme Court assumed the identical ground that they proposed the next Legislature to take. The Court it will be remembered, decided that a sale under the bill of the late Legislature, would be constitutional and valid in all respects, save exoneration of the Pennsylvania Railroad from the payment of taxes. Now it strikes us that the Democratic papers did not resist a sale on this ground particularly; indeed, we scarcely ever saw the point alluded to at all by any of them. But from one end of the State to the other—with the only exception, perhaps, of the Philadelphia Pensylvanian—they have resisted a sale under any and all circumstances, declaring that the bill was infamous, unconstitutional; that it was literally giving away the Public Works for nothing, that the Canal Board would be abolished, a large number of meritorious persons thrown out of employment, and all pass into the hands and revert to the benefit of a "soulless corporation" The sentiment of the Democratic press was, without doubt, truly reflected by the late Democratic State convention, when it slaughtered a resolution, declaring the party not opposed to a sale upon favorable terms. The true secret of this change of tactics is not that the Supreme Court has removed the ground of their objection, but simply because "Packer and repeal" wont pay: They are afraid to face the music. The load would be a little too heavy, and the frauds in the management of the public works have been a little too bald to be successfully justified and defended before the sovereign people of Pennsylvania, and so they have wisely made a vitue of necessity, and like Capt. Scott's coon, have concluded to "come down."

Change of Front.

The principle of "squatter sovereignty" has been a darling favorite with the Democracy. The leaders have preached its beauties, extolled its fairness, and thought to give it universal application. Inasmuch as a wall had been thrown around Kansas, and slavery interdicted for all time to come, the bold scheme was conceived to overturn the work of the Fathers, for the purpose of introducing this plant of sudden growth, and thus aid in the spread of human bondage. It is unnecessary to say that the bold and bad scheme has thus far been eminently successful. Multitudes fell down and worshipped this illusive and false light—And as Kansas has been the first victim to this infatuation, the developements of the future will disclose whether she will not also be the last. The enormities daily perpetrated in the Mormon country, have had the effect of calling a sudden halt in the march of "squatter sovereignty." The eyes of the deluded are being opened. They discover that their leaders have been leading them along a devious pathway, which, unless they lead them to political destruction. The writing already appears as legible as the noon-day sun, that either "Squatter Sovereignty" must be ignored and given up, or the Democratic ship, will founder upon this rock and go to pieces. The leaders, clearly discerning the breakers ahead, are preparing for a change of front. And judging from the facility with which the party has heretofore dodged from one extreme to the other, as circumstances might require, this last palpable change will also be accomplished without much difficulty.

Senator Douglas the early friend of "Squatter Sovereignty," as well as the ablest, the boldest, and the most unprincipled of the leaders of the Democracy, in a recent Speech, at Springfield, Ill. gave utterance to the following strong language—

"When the authentic evidence shall arrive, if it shall establish the facts which are believed to exist, it will become the duty of Congress to apply the knife and cut out this loathsome, disgusting ulcer.—[Applause.] No temporizing policy—no half-way measure—will then answer.—* * * * * If there is any truth in the reports we receive from Utah, Congress may pass what laws it chooses, but you can never rely upon the local tribunals and juries to punish crimes committed by Mormons in that Territory. Some other and more effectual remedy must be looked and applied. In my opinion, the first step should be the abrogation and unconditional repeal of the organic act—blotting the territorial government out of existence—upon the ground that they are alien enemies and outlaws, denying their allegiance and defying the authority of the United States

Pitts. New Castle & Cleve. R. R.

This is the lower end of what was originally styled the Pitts. & Erie Road. By special act of the Legislature the name was changed to that of "Nicholson Run and Pine swamp R. R.," then to "New Castle & Darlington" and finally to that which heads this article. This road is said to be the nearest route from the Ohio river to the Lakes. The work is rapidly progressing from Connaetsville to a point on Lake Erie. That portion of the line lying between New Castle and Darlington is under the control of Gen. Roberts, former energetic President of the Erie Railroad; and the greater portion of the work has been allotted to Messrs. Marshall, Day and Linton, who are well known as workers with much skill. The first rail will be laid to meet with the Pitts. Ft. W. & C. R. R. at or near Darlington Station, and it is anticipated that, unless there is some unforseen drawback, every thing will be in readiness for the rails by the first of January 1858.

The Democratic County Convention assembled in the Courthouse on Monday last, and nominated the following ticket—Assembly, Lewis Coleman; Sheriff, James C. Ritchie; Register & Recorder, D. M. Dinsmore; Clerk of Courts, J. S. Jackson, Jr.; Treasurer, P. L. Grim; Commissioner, Thomas Pierpont; Auditor, David Patton; Poor House Director, Robt. McCauley; Coroner, Reed; Trustees, H. B Anderson, H. Frazier, S. R. Dunlap, S. H. [illegible]

The wire-pullers in this place for the last week or ten days had been straining every nerve to encompass the defeat of Col. Ritchie, upon the supposition that his competitor Mr. Tilton, was less vulnerable on certain points, and that he would be able to make some inroads upon the Republican ranks on the south side of the river. But the rural districts come in strongly, and Mr. Ritchie was nominated much to the mortification and chagrin of the more active leaders. How true is the old adage—

"That the best laid plans of mice and men
Aft gang aglee."

Ambrotypes.—Mr Griffin, from New York, has engaged at Stoutmeyer's Daguerrean and Ambrotype Rooms, Market street, where he is producing some exquisite portraits. His specimens upon plate, either, for mailing, are both new, beautiful and life-like. The "shunon face dies" is also transferred to sheet iron, glass, paper, &c. Mr Griffin introduces a new and valuable improvements in the art which cannot fail to attract the attention and admiration of the public.—*Steubenville Herald*

The gentleman alluded to above by the Stubenville *Herald*, is now in Beaver located in the Court House, and from specimens we have seen of his artistic skill we can readily recommend him to the public as an artist fitted, both by taste and experience, to render satisfaction to those who may give him a call.

Sudden Death—On the 5th instant the Hon W L Marcy, of New York died, very suddenly, in his room at a hotel in New York City

For the Argus

MESSRS. EDITORS:—I see by your paper of the 1st inst., that my name was used as a candidate for the office of Director of the Poor House, by the Republican Convention which assembled on the 29th ult. As my name was not before the people of the county at their primary meetings, and was brought before the Convention without due notice, I feel it my duty (after my best respects to my friends) to return the nomination to the party, that they may make such provision as may be thought best to remove any unkind feeling that might otherwise arise. With my best wishes for victory on the 2d Tuesday of October next, I remain, Truly yours,

July 8th. HUGH ANDERSON.

The following was read before the Republican County Convention, on the 29th ult, but as the Convention failed to take action in reference to its publication, we were not furnished with a copy in time for ... issue:

At the meeting of ... citizens of Green township, convened for the purpose of appointing delegates to the County Convention to be held in Beaver, on the 30th of June, 1857, the following resolutions were adopted by acclamation, as expressive of the sense of the meeting, and ... of the township:

Resolved, That we make no nomination for Director of the Poor, unless we have a pledge that the person nominated will oppose the removal of the Poor House. We now have to meet all the inconveniences resulting from the location of the county seat on the north side of the Ohio river, and view the attempted change as one uncalled for, and but adding one other difficulty to the many we experience from our location.

Resolved, That we will oppose the nomination of any man for Director of the Poor who is in favor of removal, and that we will use all fair and honorable means to defeat the nominee, if he does not give a pledge against removal; and that we will support a nominee without regard to party, if right on that question.

Resolved, That our delegates be instructed to present these resolutions to the Republican Convention, with a request that they be published with the proceedings. JAMES CAMERON, Pres't.

Hilton Lawrence, Sec'y.

TWENTY-ONE YEARS AGO.—The Baltimore Clipper, speaking of a similar season to the present one, twenty-one years ago, says that on the 29th day of May, 1836, after a protracted spring drought, rain commenced falling very grudgingly, and after repeated trials it "got its hand in" by the 31st of that month, and then began to come down in torrents. After that it was rain! rain! every day, we believe, until the 5th of july, and farmers who had cried out in April and May for rain, had for two or three weeks been praying for rain to stop. At different periods in the month of June, 1836, the air was so raw and chilly as to make fires necessary and comfortable

MORALS OF CHICAGO.—The moral condition of Chicago, boasted queen of the lakes, is of the most disreputable and deplorable character. Murders, affrays, robberies, assaults, drunkenness, and all kinds classes and conditions of crime prevail in that city. The Chicago papers of Wednesday publish a list of thirty-one burglaries committed in that place during the present month. Most of them were of the most audacious character, and in one a citizen, while defending his property from robbery, was killed. On Monday night a man was killed while attempting to rob the premises of Col E D Taylor.

CROPS IN MAINE.—A correspondent, writes from Farmington, Me., that the crops in that vicinity never looked better. Oats, wheat and potatoes are looking finely; corn rather backward, but has a decidedly healthy appearance, and no one doubts a large crop. Apples bid fair for an unusual harvest, he adds: "I have not seen such fields of grass for many years; the very road sides will yield a ton to the acre."

A LARGE FLEECE OF WOOL.—The Cadiz Republican says that a Mr Minteer, of Harrison county, brought to that town a fleece of wool shorn from an imported Buck which weighed 23 pounds The buck is four years old; cost $175, and was imported from France.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills—The applicability of these extraordinary medicaments to the disorders of all climates, renders them indispensible to all who journey by sea or by land. Scurvy, the most terrible scourge of seafaring men, is eradicated by the use of the Ointment; while the Pills, by their alterative and conservative operation upon the stomach, the secretions and the bowels, soon relieve the worst cases of billious fever, diarrhea and stomach complaint. Taken as a preventive, they fortify the system against the disorders consequent upon changes of temperature, and deprive the process of acclimation of its principal danger. Emigrants to the Far West had better go there unprovided with implements of labor, than without these unequalled curatives.

☞ There are occasions when even the healthiest people need medicine, the changes of the diet, of the weather, and hundreds of other causes, produce a laxity in the system that needs correcting or in other words, the liver becomes slightly deranged, and needs a stimulator. If all who find themselves in this situation will use Dr. Sanford's Invigorator, they may be sure of relief, as we can testify to its efficacy in curing Headache, Indigestion, Sour Stomach, and other ills so common in a family. It acts as a medicine, easier and better than any dose of pills we ever swallowed, and is so mild that the smallest infant can take it.

☞ Sold by Dr. O. Cunningham, Beaver, and Druggists generally.

MARRIED—On the 17th ult., by Rev. S. W Clark, Mr. *Robt. Harsha* and Miss *Eliza Ann M'Cauley* of Hanover Tp.

☞ WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE—We refer the reader to the advertisement of this popular remedy. It is highly recommended by all who have used it, and has effected wonderful results by its magic influence. We know of gentleman in this country who have been almost bald for years, had their hair entirely restored to its former luxuriance and beauty, by the use of Wood's Hair Restorative.

☞ Sold by Dr. O. Cunningham, Beaver and Druggists generally.

Bank Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that in pursuance of the act of Assembly relating thereto, for the incorporation thereof, approved May 5, 1857, books to receive subscriptions to the Capital stock of the *BANK OF BEAVER COUNTY* will be opened, and remain open as follows—

At the Pavilion House, in the borough of Rochester, on Monday and Tuesday the 3d and 4th days of August next, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 p. m.

At the Porter House, in the borough of Beaver, on Wednesday and Thursday the 5th and 6th days of August next, during the hours above named.

At the Huron House, in the borough of New Brighton, on Friday and Saturday the 7th and 8th days of August next, during the said hours, and to continue at the latter place, from day to day, or adjourn from place to place, as circumstances may require.

The Commissioners named in the act—or a duly appointed committee of their number will attend at the ... of ...

B. R. Bradford,	Archibald ...
Walter Chester,	Silas Merrick,
S. H. Darragh,	Thos. Cunningham,
E. Stowe,	William Henry,
B. B. Chamberlin,	M. H. Robertson,
Edward Hoops,	Thomas J. Power,
Wm. Kennedy,	Harrison Mendenhall,
Joseph H. Dickson,	Matthew T. Kennedy,
Wm. L. Dickinson,	Wm. R. Sterling,

July 8, 1857. *Commissioners.*

NOTICE.

Office of New Brighton Man. Co.
New Brighton, July 1, 1857.

A general meeting of the Share-holders of the New Brighton Manufacturing Company, and an election for officers of said company will be held at Seminary Hall, in New Brighton, on Saturday, July 25th, ensuing, at 4 o'clock, p. m.

By order of the Board of Directors.

EDWARD HOOPS, Sec'y.

NOTICE.

Office of New Brighton Man. Co.
New Brighton, July 1, 1857.

The Share holders of the New Brighton Manufacturing company, are hereby notified and required to pay to the Treasurer of the Company in New Brighton, the unpaid balance of the stock subscribed by them respectively, as follows, viz—

1. An instalment of Four Dollars per share, on the 15th day of August next.
2. An instalment of Four Dollars per share on the 15th day of September next.
3. An instalment of Four Dollars per share on the 15th day of October next.
4. An instalment of Four Dollars per share, on the 15th day of November next.
5. An instalment (final) of Four Dollars per share on the 15th day of December next.

By order of the Board of Directors.

EDWARD HOOPS, Sec'y.

NOTICE.

ALL persons interested are hereby notified that the undersigned Commissioners, appointed by the Court of Quarter sessions of Beaver county, to inquire into the propriety of erecting a new School District out of parts of Raccoon, Green and Hanover townships, to be called Mechanicsburg District will meet on Monday the 24th of August, 1857, at the village of Mechanicsburg, to discharge the duties enjoined by order of Court.

W. A THOMSON,
DAVID PATTON,
DAVID REED,

July 8.

NOTICE.

PROPOSALS will be received up to the 18th inst., for building FENCE around the new Fair Grounds, in the east end of Beaver, and also for removing the fence on the old ground, said fence to be built similar to that around the old ground.

Also, proposals for building stalls, in said grounds, and for building Floral Hall with shingle roof.

Also, proposals for digging and walling a Cistern on said grounds, to contain about 100 gallons. The proposals will be received by either of the undersigned, at their respective residences

H ANDERSON,
D L IMBRIE,
J C WILSON,

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ALL persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate of John Eakin deceased, late of Darlington township, Beaver county, Pa., are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them to the subscriber, properly authenticated for settlement. PETER YOUNG,
May 20 1857 Administrator.

BEAVER MARKET.

BEAVER, July 8, 1857
(*Corrected Weekly*)

FLOUR—Per hundred	$4.00
RYE FLOUR—per cwt	2.75
WHEAT—per bushel	1,40
RYE—per bushel	90
CORN—per bushel	1,00
OATS—per bushel	40
BEEF—round	10
BUTTER—per pound	12½
EGGS—per dozen	12
POTATOES—per bushel	1,00

PITTSBURGH MARKET

PITTSBURGH, July 8, 1857

FLOUR—Ex. $6.75a7,00	Family 7.12a7.25
WHEAT—per bushel	1,15a1.30
CORN—per bushel	70a75
RYE—per bushel	75a80
OATS—per bushel	50a55
HAY—per ton	$10a14
POTATOES—per bushel	$1,50a1,62
BUTTER—per pound	14a15
EGGS—per dozen	13a14
BACON—should's 11; hams 13	sides 12½

NOTICE TO FARMERS.

THE COMBINED

MOWING & REAPING MACHINES

MANUFACTURED BY

WARDROP, STOUT & WILLIAMS,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

ARE now ready for delivery. Early orders will have the preference, as the number will be limited this season. They are warranted in every respect, and may be seen and orders left at the Seed and Agricultural House, No. 47, Fifth street.

June 10, '57. JAS. WARDROP.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ALL persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate of Alexander Davis, Hopewell tp., Beaver county, dec'd, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them to the subscriber, residing in said township, for settlement.

JOHN R. McDONALD, Adm'r.

June 3 1857*

Field and Garden SEEDS.

BY the pound, pint, &c. For sale by
A. S. HARVEY,
No. 3, Stewart's Row, Bridgewater.

RESOLUTION

Proposing Amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met: That the following amendments are proposed to the constitution of the commonwealth, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof.

First Amendment.

There shall be an additional article to said constitution to be designated as article eleven as follows:—

ARTICLE XI.

OF PUBLIC DEBTS.

SECTION 1. The State may contract debts, to supply casual deficits or failures in revenues, or to meet expenses not otherwise provided for: but the aggregate amount of such debts direct and contingent, whether contracted by virtue of one or more acts of the general assembly, or at different periods of time, shall never exceed seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars, and the money arising from the creation of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was obtained, or to repay the debts so contracted, and to no other purpose whatever.

SEC. 2. In addition to the above limited power the State may contract debts to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the State in war, or to redeem the present outstanding indebtedness of the state; but the money arising from the contracting of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was raised, or to repay such debts, and to no other purpose whatever.

SEC. 3. Except the debts above specified, in sections one and two of this article, no debt whatever shall be created by, or on behalf of the ...

SEC. 4. To provide for the payment of the present debt, and any additional debt contracted as aforesaid, the legislature shall, at its first session, after the adoption of this amendment, create a sinking fund, which shall be sufficient to pay the accruing interest on such debt, and annually to reduce the principal thereof by a sum not less than two hundred and fifty thousand dollars; which sinking fund shall consist of the net annual income of the public works, from time to time owned by the state, or the proceeds of the sale of the same, or any part thereof, and of the income or proceeds of sale of stocks owned by the state, together with other funds, or resources, that may be designated by law. The said sinking fund may be increased, from time to time, by assigning to it any part of the taxes, or other revenues of the state, not required for the ordinary and current expenses of government, and unless in case of war, invasion or insurrection, no part of the said sinking fund shall be used or applied otherwise than in extinguishment of the public debt, until the amount of such debt is reduced below the sum of five millions of dollars.

SEC. 5. The credit of the commonwealth shall not in any manner, or event, be pledged, or loaned to, any individual, company, corporation or association; nor shall the commonwealth hereafter become a joint owner, or stockholder, in any company, association, or corporation.

SEC. 6. The commonwealth shall not assume the debt, or any part thereof, of any county, city, borough or township; or of any corporation, or association: unless such debt shall have been contracted to enable the state to repel invasion, suppress domestic insurrection, defend itself in time of war, or to assist the state in the discharge of any portion of its present indebtedness.

SEC. 7. The legislature shall not authorize any county, city, borough, township, or incorporated district, by virtue of a vote of its citizens, or otherwise, to become a stockholder in any company, association, or corporation; or to obtain money for, or loan its credit to, any corporation, association, institution, or party.

Second Amendment.

There shall be an additional article to said constitution, to be designated as article XII, as follows:

ARTICLE XII.

OF NEW COUNTIES.

No county shall be divided by a line cutting off over one-tenth of its population, (either to form a new county or otherwise,) without the express assent of such county, by a vote of the electors thereof; nor shall any new county be established, containing less than four hundred square miles.

Third Amendment.

From section two of the first article of the constitution, strike out the words, "of the city of Philadelphia, and of each county respectively;" from section five, same article, strike out the words, "of Philadelphia and of several counties;" from section seven, same article, strike out the words, "neither the city of Philadelphia nor any, and insert in lieu thereof the words; "and no;" and strike out "section four, same article," and in lieu thereof insert the following:

"SEC. 4. In the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and in every seventh year thereafter, representatives to the number of one hundred, shall be apportioned and distributed equally, throughout the state, by districts, in proportion to the number of taxable inhabitants in the several parts thereof except that any county containing at least three thousand five hundred taxables, may be allowed a separate representation; but no more than three counties shall be joined, and no county shall be divided, in the formation of a district. Any city containing a sufficient number of taxables to entitle it to at least two representatives, shall have a separate representation assigned it, and shall be divided into convenient districts of contiguous territory, of equal taxable population as near as may be, each of which districts shall elect one representative.

At the end of section seven, same article, insert these words, "the city of Philadelphia shall be divided into single Senatorial districts, of contiguous territory as nearly equal in taxable population as possible; but no ward shall be divided in the formation thereof."

The legislature, at its first session, after the adoption of this amendment, shall divide the city of Philadelphia into senatorial and representative districts, in the manner above provided: such districts to remain unchanged until the apportionment in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four

Fourth Amendment.

There shall be an additional section to the first article of said constitution, which shall be numbered and read as follows:

SEC. 26. The legislature shall have the power to alter, revoke, or annul, any charter or incorporation hereafter conferred by, or under, any special, or general law, whenever in their opinion it may be injurious to the citizens of the commonwealth, in such manner, however, that no injustice shall be done to the corporators.

IN SENATE, March 27th, 1857.

Resolved; That this resolution pass. On the first amendment, yeas 24, nays 7; on the second amendment, yeas 23, nays 8; on the third amendment, yeas 24, nays 4; on the fourth amendment, yeas 23, nays 4.

[Extract from the Journal.]
GEO. W. HAMERSLY, Cl'k.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
April 29, 1857.

Resolved, That this resolution pass. On the first amendment, yeas 78, nays 12; on the second amendment, yeas 57, nays 34; on the third amendment, yeas 72, nays 22; on the fourth amendment yeas 83, nays 7.

[Extract from the Journal.]
JACOB ZIEGLER, Cl'k

Filed in Secretary's office, May 2, 1857.
A. G. CURTIN,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
HARRISBURG, June 22, 1857.

Pennsylvania ss:

I do certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the original "Resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth," with the vote in each branch of the Legislature upon the final passage thereof, as appears from the originals on file in this office.

[L. S.] In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the seal of the Secretary's Office, the day and year above written.

A. G. CURTIN,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

IN SENATE, March 27, 1857.

The resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth being under consideration,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the first amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Brewer, Brown, Coffey, Ely, Evans, Fetter, Flenniken, Frazer, Ingram, Jordan, Killinger, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, Myer, Scofield, Sellers, Shuman, Steele, Straub, Welsh, Wilkins, Wright and Taggart, *Speaker*—24

NAYS—Messrs. Crabb, Cresswell, Finney, Gregg, Harris, Penrose and Souther—7.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the second amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Brewer, Browne, Cresswell, Ely, Evans, Fetter, Finney, Flenniken, Ingram, Jordan, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, Myer, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Steele, Straub, Welsh, Wilkins, Wright and Taggart, *Speaker*—23.

NAYS—Messrs. Coffey, Crabb, Frazer, Gregg, Harris, Killinger, Penrose and Scofield—8.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the third amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Brewer, Browne, Crabb, Cresswell, Ely, Evans, Flenniken, Frazer, Ingram, Jordan, Killinger, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, Myer, Scofield, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Steele, Straub, Welsh, Wilkins and Wright—24.

NAYS—Messrs. Coffey, Gregg, Harris and Penrose—4.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the fourth amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Brewer, Brown, Coffey, Cresswell, Ely, Evans, Flenniken, Frazer, Ingram, Killinger, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, Myer, Scofield, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Steele, Straub, Welsh, Wilkins and Wright—23.

NAYS—Messrs. Crabb, Finney, Jordan and Penrose—4.

So the question was determined in the affirmative

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
April 29, 1857

The resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth being under consideration,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the first amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson Arthur, Backhouse, Ball, Beck, Bishop, Bower, Brown, Calhoun, Campbell, Chase, Cleaver, Crawford, Dickey, Ent, Eyster, Fausold, Foster, Gibboney, Gilden, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hiestand, Hill, Hillegas, Hoffman, (Berks,) Imbrie, Innes, Jacobs, Jenkins, Johns, Johnson, Kauffman, Kerr, Knight, Leisenring, Longaker, Lovett, Manear, Maugle, M'Calmont, M'Ilvain, Moorhead, Mumma, Musselman, Nichols, Nicholson, Nunemacher, Pearson, Peters, Petrikin, Pownall, Purcell, Ramsey, (Philadelphia,) Ramsey, (York,) Reamer, Reed, Roberts, Rupp, Shaw, Sloan, Smith, (Cambria,) Smith, (Centre,) Stevenson, Tolan, Vail, Vanvoorhis, Vickers, Voeghley, Walter, Westbrook, Wharton, Williston, Witherow, Wright, Zimmerman and Getz, *Speaker*—78.

NAYS—Messrs. Backus, Benson, Dock, Hamilton, Hancock, Hine, Hoffman, (Lebanon,) Lebo, Struthers, Thorn, Warner, and Wintrode—12.

No the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the second amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Arthur, Backhouse, Ball, Beck, Bower, Calhoun, Campbell, Carty, Ent, Fausold, Foster, Gilden, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Heistand, Hillegas, Hoffman, (Berks,) Housekeeper, Imbrie, Innes, Jenkins, Johns, Johnson, Kauffman, Knight, Leisenring, Longaker, Lovett, Manear, Maugle, M'Ilvain, Moorhead, Musselman, Nichols, Nicholson, Nunemacher, Pearson, Peters, Petrikin, Pownall, Purcell, Ramsey, (Philadelphia,) Ramsey, (York,) Reamer, Roberts, Rupp, Shaw, Sloan, Smith, (Cambria,) Smith, (Centre,) Stevenson, Tolan, Vail, Vanvoorhis, Vickers, Voeghley, Walter, Warner, Westbrook, Wharton, Williston, Witherow, Zimmerman and Getz, *Speaker*—83.

NAYS—Messrs. Dock, Hamilton, Hancock, Struthers, Thorn, Wintrode and Wright—7.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
Harrisburg, June 22, 1857.

Pennsylvania, ss:

I do certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the "Yeas and Nays" taken on the resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, as the same appears on the Journals of the two Houses, of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, for the session of 1857.

[L. S.] Witness my hand and the seal of said office, this twenty-second day of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven.

A. G. CURTIN,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

FARM AND MILL PROPERTY AT PUBLIC SALE.

By virtue of an authority contained in the last will and testament of Peter Shields dec'd., I will offer for sale at Public Vendue, on the premises, on Wednesday the 26th day of August, 1857, at 12 o'clock M., a valuable tract of land situated on Service creek, Independence tp., Beaver County, containing about 108 acres, near 40 acres cleared and under fence, the balance moderately well timbered. On the premises there is a Flouring Mill in operation with one pair of excellent burrs, and one pair of choppers, and a Saw Mill which is somewhat out of order, the whole having a good water power of 22 to 24 feet, head and fall, with a dam not over 6 feet high, the distance from the dam to the Mill house not exceeding 40 feet.—The other improvements are one frame house and kitchen, and one log house, each having a stable and a well of water convenient. Title good.

TERMS.—One third in hand, the balance in two equal annual payments with interest from sale.

THOS. STANDISH, Executor.

July 1; 1857.

THE UNDERSIGNED

Would beg leave to inform the citizens of New Brighton and vicinity, that he has removed his Electro Chemical Bath establishment to the building oposite the dwelling of B. R. Bradford, Esq., where he will be happy to see his former patrons and the public generally, and where he will continue to apply *all Electrical Remedies* for the relief and removal of suffering of various kinds. J. C. KNAPP.

New Brighton, Pa., June 24 1857.

BEAVER MACHINE WORKS.

Childs, M'Connell and Darraghs,

FOUNDERS AND STEAM ENGINE BUILDERS

Fallston, Beaver County, Pa.

WE respectfully call attention to the inducements offered for purchasing Engines and Machinery mentioned below. We have purchased the right to make and sell the

PATENT OSCILLATING ENGINE

of Messrs. Cridge & Wadsworth, and are now engaged in the manufacture of them at the lowest possible rates, which is about twenty-five per cent lower than the Slide Valve Engine—Their simplicity and durability, combined with their cheapness, and almost utter impossibility to get out of order, renders them the most desirable Engine to have.

The following is a list of the different kinds of Machinery which we have made. Persons wishing to procure anything of the kind, will do well to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

Double Slide Valve Reciprocating Engines, the same as manufactured at Salem, Ohio; Oscillating Engines Cridge & Wadsworth's Patent; Tub and Bucket Machinery; Flour Barrel and Nail Keg Machinery; Planing Machines Cylinder or Barrel Saws; Fire Brick and Clay Rollers; Starch Rollers, Pipes and Castings for extracting Oil from Cannel Coal; Flouring Mill Gearing; Pullies and Shafting; Muley, Sash, and Circular Saw Mills; Lath Machinery, &c., besides numerous other Machines which it is not necessary to enumerate.

We might add a long list of certificates, but deem any but the following unnecessary.

ECONOMY, December 24th, 1856.

MESSRS. CRIDGE, WADSWORTH & Co. Gentlemen:—We hereby certify that we have had one of your Oscillating Engines in use for nearly four months, and that it gives satisfaction in every respect. Its principal advantages over the common Engine are—

1st. Its simplicity, and the consequent facility to keep it in good order.

2d. It takes up much less room.

3d. It requires less pressure of steam to do the same amount of work; and is, therefore, worked with less danger and less fuel.

Respectfully yours,
R. L. BAKER
JACOB HENRICI,
Trustees

Our facilities for shipping to any point whatever, by Rail Road, Canal, or on the Ohio River, is as good as at any other point. Our Works are situated in Fallston, Pa., on the west Bank of the Beaver River, opposite N. Brighton, and only one hour's ride by rail from Pittsburgh.

July 1, 1857.

July Appointments

DR. H. TUBBS,

Will be at his room, Bridgewater, Lehmer's Hotel, Monday, July 20th, 1857.

For consultation upon all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Heart, Liver, Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys and Spleen; also Dropsy, Gravel, Rheumatism, Nervousness, Debility, Dyspepsia, Female diseases, Ague and Fever, Fits, Impurities of the blood, Eruptions, Cancers, Ulcers, and all other varieties of long standing complaints, both external and internal.

For some ten years Dr. T. has devoted his entire time to chronic diseases, treating thousands annually, many of whom had exhausted every other resource within reach. In no case are mineral or other poisens employed, nor does he make sick to make well, or tear down to built up again. The medicines can be taken with safety by the most delicate, and patients may remain at home, and continue with prudence their ordinary diet and excercise. Many have recovered under the treatment after friends and physicians had given up all hope, the indisputable evidence of which can always be furnished. Invalids, however reduced or despairing, are invito call, and may be assured that no encouragement will be given or expense incurred, without a corresponding prospect of recovery.

The Dyspeptic and Dispairing should read the following:

Several years have elapsed, and Mr J. continuss to endure severe and constant labor.

BATH, Summit Co., O., Aug. 14, 1854.

DR. TUBBS—Dear Sir:—Seven years ago, I was taken with what doctors called dyspepsia, I consulted several who all told me I could never be cured, or able to work at my trade again which is blacksmithing. Sometimes a little better, then worse, scarcely able to do anything. I lingered alone until three years ago, when I was aken worse of my old complaint, followed by that besetting evil of dyspeptics, hypochondria. From this time up to seeing you, I could eat but very sparingly of light food, which always distressed me, and was often ejected from my stomach. My sufferings of mind were beyond what tongue can tell, or any one imagine who has not experienced similar tortures. I tried all the physicians in reach, with but little benefit, and while in the hopeless sufferings, which, could they be told; would fill a volume, I happened to see your advertisement. Having had the advice of all kinds of physicians, I concluded to get your opinion, though with little faith that anything would help me. After advising with you I concluded to take some medisine as the last and only resort. This was nearly a year since. I am now almost as well as ever. Latter part of winter I worked in my shop, having labored all summer, and now in harvest cradle and mow, doing a full day's work. I never feel any of my old symptoms except when very tired or overcome, and have reason to believe you will make me as sound a man as I ever was in the world. I am very glad I ever saw you, and sincerely believe your treatment the best known, particularly for chronic diseases. You can make what use of this you think proper. Yours,

DEXTER R. JOHNSON.

DISSOLUTION.

WE the undersigned, partners in Russell's Patent Roofing business, have this day dissolved partnership, by mutual consent

R. W. RUSSELL,
NAZRO PARK.

The Roofing business will now be carried on by Nazro Park, of Bridgewater, who will pay strict attention to all calls for roofing. New roofs put on; old leaky tin and sheet iron roofs made tight at short notice and cheap. Address

NAZRO PARK,

je 17, '57. Bridgewater, Beaver Co., Pa.

☞ Mr. R. W. Russell of Vanport, and Mr Joseph M'Clure of New Brighton, will contract for jobs, and give all information respecting it.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ALL persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate of LUCIEN FONDELL, late of New Brighton bor., Beaver county, dec'd, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement, to the subscriber in said borough.

JAMES DE FOMBELL, Adm'r.

June 16, 1857*

FLOUR

EXTRA, for sale by
June, 17. A. S. HARVEY,
No. 3. Stewart's Row Bridgewater.

W. R. STERLING,

Banker, Dealer in Exchange Bank Notes and Coin: New Brighton, Pa.

COLLECTIONS of Bills, Notes and Drafts, promptly attended to. Par and current funds received on deposit. June 11, '54.

HARVEST TOOLS—
100 Revolving Hay Rakes;
125 dozen Hand Rakes;
50 do. North Wayne Grass Scythes,
41 do do do Grain do at the Seed and Agricultural Warehouse, No 47, 5th st.
June 11, '57. J. WARDROP.

CHURNS, CHURNS—A constant supply of Spain's Celebrated Barrel Churns, of various sizes, will be kept on hand. These Churns have been fully tested, and are warranted the best in use For sale by J. WARDROP,
je11 47, Fifth st.

NOTICE

TO TAX PAYERS OF BEAVER COUNTY.

THE County Treasurer will attend in the several Townships and Boroughs, for the purpose of receiving the County and State Taxes for 1857, at the times and places designated below, viz:

Ohio township	June 31	M Daringer's	
Hookstown bor. &	July	1	J. Patterson's
Greene tp	"	"	hotel
do	"	2	do
Raccoon township	"	3	T Parkinson's
Hanover	"	7	R Patton's
Frankfort	"	8	Steven's hotel
do	"	9	F Swearingen's
Moon	"	10	Wm Elliott's
Independence	"	14	John Holmes
do and Hopewell	"	15	M'Callisters sto.
Hopewell township	"	16	M'Kenzies store Scottsville

N. B. Payments can always be made in any adjoining township. H. B. ANDERSON,
april 15 1857 Treasurer.

Trustee's Sale

Of the Real Estate of W. Vankirk, dec'd.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of the county of Beaver, to me directed, will be exposed to sale by public vendue or out cry, on the premises, (in each case,) on the 16th and 17th days of July, 1857, at 2 o'clock of each day, the following described tracts or pieces of land, the real estate of Wm. Vankirk, late of Moon tp., in said county, dec'd., to wit: On the first day (Thursday 16th) No 1, lying and being situated in Moon tp., in said county, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a post S. W. corner, and running thence north 89½ deg. east, 268 perches to bank on the Ohio River; thence by same, north 24 deg west, 118 perches to a post, thence by Graham, south 87 deg. west 218 perches to post on Stoops' line, thence by Stoops' south 1½ deg. east 95 perches to post the place of beginning. Containing 152 acres and 155 perches strict measure. About 125 acres cleared and under fence, on which there are 2 dwelling houses and barn and a good orchard.

On the second day, (Friday 17th,) No 2, lying and being situate in Pulaski tp., in said county, and bounded and described as follows, viz Beginning at the S. W. corner and running north 188 deg. east 161 perches to a post and small hickory on line between Kelly and said piece of land, thence north 2 deg west 34 perches to a post, thence 88 deg. west 161 perches to a post, thence south 2 deg. east 34 perches to the place of beginning, containing 34 acres and 34 perches. About 25 acres of which are cleared and under fence.

TERMS—One-third of the purchase money to be paid on the confirmation of the sale by the Court, and the balance in two equal annual payments, with interest from the same time.

J. G. BLISS,
June 17, 1857. Trustee.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

PURSUANT to an order of Orphans' Court of the county of Beaver, will be exposed to sale by public vendue or out-cry, on the premises, on Wednesday, 15th day of July next, at one o'clock, P. M., the following described real estate, the property of Robert Stevens, late of said county, deceased, lying and being situate in Big Beaver Township, in said county, and bounded as follows, viz: Beginning at a stone at the S. E. corner thereof, and running thence South 88 deg. East 33 5-10 perches by lands of Wm. Alcorn to a post at the Shenango road; thence by said road north 10½ deg. east 16 perches to a post, thence by same north 8 degs. east 37 8 10 perches to a post, thence north 13 deg. west 13 2-10 perches to the north-east corner thereof, thence by land of Stephen Newkirk north 88 deg. west 46 6-10 perches to a post; thence by land of Wm. H. Powers and Wm. Alcorn, south 2 deg. west 87 6-10 perches to the place of beginning, containing 22 acres 2 roods and 29 perches, on which is erected one frame dwelling-house and log stable;—there is some fruit trees, ore and a vein of coal under said land.

TERMS—One-third of the purchase money to be paid on the confirmation of the sale by the court, and the balance in two equal annual payments, with interest from the same time.—For information apply to Samuel G. Caughey, Executor of said deceased. By order of Court,

June 17, '57. Wm. K. BODEN, Cl'k.

DRUGS! DRUGS!! DRUGS!!

Just Received
AND FOR SALE LOW, BY
P. B. YOUNG,
At his old Stand, Corner of 3d and Elk sts,
BEAVER, PA.

THE following Patent medicines can always be had at Young's New Drug Store:

Keyser's Cough Syrup, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral and Cathartic Pills, Bowman's Vegetable Compound, Sanford's Invigorator, Perry Davis' Pain Killer, Radway's Resolvent, Belief and Pills, Boerhave's Holland Bitters, Woods' Hair Restorative, Prof. De Grath's Oil, Tobias' Liniment, Prof. Reed's Magnetic Oil, M'Lane's Vermifuge and Pills, Fahnestock's Vermifuge and Cough Balsam. Darley's American Heave Remedy, Seller's Cough Syrup and Vermifuge, Kennedy's Discovery, Swaim's Panacea, Myers' Extract of Rock Rose, Sine's Balsam Tar, Wild Cherry and Hoar Hound, Sine's Dysentary Compound, Brown's Essence of Jamaica Ginger, Godfrey's Cordial, Harlem Oil, Petroleum, Boush's Worm Confections, Merchant's Gargling Oil, Jayne's Carminitive, Trask's magnetic Ointment, Nerve and Bone Liniment, Holloway's Ointment and Pills, Thompson's and Cook's Eye Water, Kaiser & Bros. Arnica Ointment, and many others too numerous to mention, always on hand. may 6, '57.

HOES, HOES.—40 dozen best Cast Steel Hoes of various sizes, for sale by
je10 J. WARDROP.

THE MEDICINE OF THE MILLION

PHILOSOPHY AND FACT.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS

THE EXCITING CAUSE OF SICKNESS.

The blood is the life-sustaining agent. It furnishes the components of flesh, bone, muscle, nerve and integument. The stomach is its manufactory, the veins its distributors, and the intestines the channel through which the waste matter rejected in its productions is expelled. Upon the stomach, the circulation and the bowels, these Pills act simultaneously, relieving indigestion, purifying the fluids, and regulating the excretions.

THE NATIONAL COMPLAINT.

Dyspepsia is the most common disease among all classes in this country. It assumes a thousand shapes, and is the primary source of innumerable dangerous maladies; but whatever its type or symptoms, however obstinate its resistance to ordinary preparations, it yields readily and rapidly to this searching and unerring remedy.

BILIOUS AFFECTIONS.

The quantity and quality of the bile are of vital importance to health. Upon the liver, the gland which secretes this fluid, these Pills operate specifically, infallibly rectifying its irregularities, and effectually curing Jaundice, Bilious Remittants, and all the varieties of disease generated by an unnatural condition of gorbuet. u

BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

Unless the bowels perform their functions properly, the whole body suffers. Tens of thousands die annually of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Chronic Constipation, and other diseases of these waste pipes of the system. The effect of the Pills upon all intestinal disorders, whether casual or epidemic, is a phenomenon in medicine. By following the printed directions, the most alarming cases of bowel complaint are promptly controlled.

A WORD TO FEMALES.

The local debility and irregularities which are the especial annoyances of the weaker sex, and which, when neglected, always shorten life, are relieved for the time being, and prevented for the time to come, by a course of this mild but thorough alternative.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following Diseases:

Asthma, Diarrhœa, Indigestion,
Bowel Comp'ts, Dropsy, Influenza,
Coughs, Debility, Inflammation,
Colds, Fever and Ague, Venereal Affe'n
Chest Diseases, Female Comp'ts, Piles,
Costiveness, Liver Compl'ts, Headaches,
Worms, all kinds, Lowness of Inw'd weak'n
Dyspepsia, Spirits.

☞* Sold at the Manufactories of Professor HOLLOWAY, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and 244 Strand, London, by all respectable Druggists and Dealers of Medicine throughout the United States, and the civilized world in boxes, at 25 c

DUFF'S MERCANTILE COLLEGE
PITTSBURGH PA.

Founded in 1840 and incorporated by the Legislature of Pennsylvania, with perpetual charter.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

Hon. JAMES BUCHANAN, President of the United States,
Hon. WILLIAM WILKINS,
Hon. MOSES HAMPTON,
Hon. WALTER H. LOWRIE,
Hon. CHARLES NAYLOR,
Gen. J. K. MOORHEAD,
P. DUFF, (author of Duff's system of Mercantile and Steamboat Book-keeping) President of the faculty; consisting of from twelve to fifteen Professors and Lecturers. (See circular p 2.)

This institution (founded nearly one-fifth of a century ago,) has ever since had all the advantages of the proprietors previous extensive experience in the realities and details of actual business; in perfecting the collegiate course, consisting of

DOUBLE ENTRY BOOK-KEEPING.

An adequate idea of the perfection and extent of this part of the course of study can only be obtained from the circular, page 4

Converting Single into Double Entry Books

An operation never before explained by any writers on accounts.

Double Entry Steamboat Book-Keeping.

Closing six complete sets of books, kept with and without the journal.

Commercial and Ornamental Penmanship

Taught by one of the best pensman in the country, as will be seen by his specimens.

Commercial Computation.

Embracing about 400 business computations not found in any Arithmetic. See a few selected problems in circular, page 21.

Mercantile Law.

These instructive and suggestive lectures are regularly delivered by several eminent members of the Bar.

Commercial Ethics.

A highly interesting and instructive branch of commercial education.

Commercial Correspondence.

Exemplifying a large number of practical forms of business letters.

Detecting Counterfeit Bank Notes.

This was the first institution in the country to introduce this important and valuable branch of education. See list of Bankers recommendations, circular, page 20.

CAUTION.

Our scholarships are sold in our office only. No respectable institution that can dispose of them at home will have them hawked around the country by agents. Wary persons can perceive that colleges requiring this financeering device to keep on their legs, must make the heavy agency expenses come out of their students at last, who will find the college better supplied with "paper professors" than real ones.

Students have access to a library of 3,000 volumes.

Pamphlet circulars and specimens of Penmanship mailed free to all parts of the country.

Duff's Bookkeeping, Harper's new edition, pp. 222 royal octavo. Price $1.50, postage 21 cents.

Duff's Steamboat Bookkeeping. Price $1; postage 9 cents.

See report of the New York Chamber of Commerce, on Duff's Book-keeping, circular, page 17.

Refer to 300 Merchants and Accountants, circular, page 23, and to 28 octavo columns of Students, page 27 to 41. april 22, 1857.

P. HAYDEN,
(Successor to W. H. Wright,)

MANUFACTURER OF

ETHEREAL OIL AND LAMPS.
No. 82 4th St. between Wood and Market,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

THE undersigned is prepared to furnish dealers with Ethereal Oil and Burning Fluids of a superior qurlity, of his own manufacture. Also,

Alcohol, Camphene, and Pine Oils.

And every description of Side and Centre Table Lamps, Girondoles, Candlebras, of the latest paterns and most approved style.

Chandeliers, Girondoles and Lamps, repaired and regilded.

may,6,'57. P. HAYDEN

SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK

Importer and Dealer in Hardware,

No. 71 Wood street, between Diamond Alley and Fourth street. Pittsburgh, Pa.

THE subscriber is now receiving from England and American Manufacturers, his spring stock of Hardware, consisting in part of knifes, forks, pen and pocket knifes, spoons, locks, hinges, screws, files, scythes, corn hoes, carpenteri tools, chain pumpfixtures, &c., &c. All of which will sold on the lowest terms.

Mar. 11-1857. SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE co-partnership heretofore existing between Drs. Simpson and Stewart, of New Brighton, Pa., is this day by mutual consent dissolved. Dr Simpson may be consulted hereafter by his friends at his office in Rochester, and Dr Stewart at his office, (the former office of Simpson and Stewart,) New Brighton.

W. W. SIMPSON,
THOS. STEWART.

March 28, 1857.*

THOS. KENNEDY, JR.....JOHN T. SHANE.

THOMAS KENNEDY, JR., & CO.,
No 62, Cor Wood and 4th sts,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

WE are now opening a large and well selected stock of FANCY and VARIETY GOODS including Combs, Thread, Willow-ware, Toys, Looking Glasses and Jewelry of all kinds. As we manufacture our own looking Glasses, we are enabled to sell them as low as they can be bought in any market. We invite the attention of purchases before going east or buying elsewhere. Particular attention paid to orders. Mar 4, 1857.

BONNETS—Silk, Crape, Straw and Braid Bonnets, of the latest style, just rec'd at TAYLOR'S.
may 6

ADMINISTOR'S NOTICE.

ALL persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate of JOHN S. CREECE, dec'd., late of New Sheffield township, Beaver county, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them to the subscriber, properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN HESSON,
C. BLACK,
may 6, '57. Adm'rs

BONNETS of latest style, with trimminge to match, at TAYLOR'S
April 16, 1856 Rochester on the hill.

DR. LEVIS & CO.

HAVE all the popular Patent Medicines of the day, for sale. Also, a choice assortment of Drugs, &c.

Dr. J. C. Levis will attend to filling all prescriptions and the preparing of Medicines.—Drug Room in Smith's old stand, Bridge street, Bridgewater, Pa. May 20 1857.

SILKS—The argest and most beautiful stock of plain and figured Silks ever offered in this county, may be foundat TAYLOR'S.
may 6

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ALL persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate of William Morton, deceased, late of the borough of Bridgewater, Beaver co., are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them, properly authenticated for settlement.

JOSEPH H. WILSON, Adm'r.

FALL and winter bonnets, silk and straw bonnet trimmings as all kinds at
YOUNG & THOMAS

CASH paid for Butter and Eggs, at
Jan 7 1857 A. S. HARVEY'S.
No. 3, Stewart's Row, Bridgewater.

1857 1857
Spring Goods.

T. M. TAYLOR, Rochester on the hill, has just opened an unusually large and varied stock of Spring Goods, embracing silks, delaines, challices, debeges, French gingbams, embroideries, hosiery, gloves, shawls, bonnets, shoes &c., together with a full stock of Domestic and house keeping goods, to which the attention of the public is very respectfully invited. march 18 1857.

T. J. CHANDLER.....M. E. GILLES PIE

A CARD.

I have this day associated with me in the practice of Dental Surgery, Dr. M. E. Gillespie, (late of Crestline, Ohio,) under the name of Chandler & Gillespie, where we are prepared to perform all the operations of the profession, in the most approved manner. Teeth from one to full sets inserted in gold or silver plate.—Also full or partial setts on gutta percha vase.

We are also prepared to insert teeth in entire porcelain base, which cannot fail to please the most fastidious, in beauty and cleanliness. we invite attention to our specimens.

All those indebted to me by note or book account, will please call and settle, as I am anxious to close my old books. T. J. CHANDLER.
Rochester, Aug. 6, 1856—6 m.

DENTAL SURGERY.

J MURRAY would announce to the public that he has, at considerable cost, procured the latest improvements in the profession, and is now prepared to accommodate every variety of public taste.

1st. Single gum teeth, on gold or silver plate
2d. Block-teeth, on gold plate, presenting a continuous gum.
3d, Indestructible teeth on Gutta Percha base.

As this last is a new mode of inserting teeth, should it fail to render satisfaction after a fair trial, I will replace the work with gold or silver.

Office and residence on Market Street, opposite the Market House, Bridgewater.
Bridgewater, Jan. 2, 1856.

THE PHILLIPSBURGH
WATER CURE ESTABLISHMENT.

THE present physician of this place respectfully informs the citizens of Beaver and the adjoining counties, that he has lately opened and greatly improved the above institution, and carries on successfully, the treatment, by water.

His long experience in that branch of healing art enables him to cure diseases uncontrollable under any other system. He would also notify the public in the neighborhood, that he practices the Allocpathic and Homoepathic systems, and will attend to all calls as a physician and surgeon through the neighborhood.

The subscriber being a regular educated physician, and having practiced medicine and surgery during nearly 20 years, is enabled to respond to all reasonable expectations from those that place themselves under his care.
aug. 27, 1856. C. BAEZ, M. D.

Farm for Sale.

THE subscriber, living in Hopewell tp., Beaver county, will offer for sale, a tract of land lying on the Ohio river bank, containing about 90 acres. About 44 acres cleared, 30 of which is river bottom. The farm lies opposite Economy station, on the P. Ft. W. & C. R. R., and would be convenient to Pittsburgh, should any one desire it for gardening purposes. On the farm is a small frame house and a large frame barn, &c. For further information inquire of B. L. Baker, Esq., of Economy, or the subscriber living in Logstown Valley.

P. S. If all of the above tract cannot be sold I will sell a part of it. WM, M'DONALD.
March 4 1857.

New Goods,
AT
M'CONNELL & BENTEL'S.

THEY have just received their Spring and Summer goods, at their new store. Their stock is large and well selected, which they offer at as low prices as can be had at any establishment in the county. All they ask is for the public to call and examine their stock, and be convinced that they do sell goods as low as any establishment in this section. Our stock of Dry Goods is complete. Hats and Caps of all kinds. Bonnets of every style, and all kinds of Bonnet trimmings. Groceries and Provisions always kept on hand.

M'CONNEL & BENTEL
Freedom, april 2 '57.

FOR MAY!

A splendid stock of
Lawns, Brilliants, Ginghams,
Challeys, Calicoes, Muslins,
Linens, Checks, &c., &c.
Opened this day, and will be sold low.
T. M. TAYLOR,
may 6, 1856. Rochester on the hill.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ALL persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate of Margaret Shields, dec'd, late of Independence tp., Beaver co., are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them to the subscriber, properly authenticated for settlement.

THOS. STANDISH, Executor.
June 10, 1857.

KNIT Wool Goods.—Sacks, Hoods, Opera caps, cuffs, sleeves, Ladies' merino vests, victorines &c., just opened at TAYLOR'S.

BALM OF A THOUSAND FLOWERS, at (may6,'57,) YOUNG'S.

SELLING AT REDUCED PRICES.—The undersigned wishing to reduce his Stock will sell at reduced Prices from this date until april 1st for Cash or approved Produce.
Feb. 4, 1856. Wm THOMAS.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE subscriber having taken charge of the Sharon Steam Flouring Mill, would respectfully inform the public that he is prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with their custom. His facilities for grinding are fully equal to any in the county. If good wheat is sent to this mill, he will insure good flour, and a good yield.
may 27 1857. JOHN H. POWELL.

Carriage for Sale.

A friend has left with the subscriber, for sale, a very fine one horse carriage, suitable for a family. It will be sold low.
April 29, '47. DANIEL AGNEW.

OHN M. LUKENS, G. F. LUKENS, W. LUKENS.

LUKENS & SONS,
Forwarding and Commission Merchants
Rochester, Pa Agents for steamer Michigan No. 2, between Pittsburgh and Beaver. ap2

FINE Kid Boots for Ladies, at the Shoe store of BARNES & NICHOLSON,
dc10 Stewart's Row, Bridgewater.

STELLA and Cashmere Shawls, from $2 to $6, just received at TAYLOR'S.
march 18 1857.

SHAWLS, Pal mas, comforts, blankets, glove woolen and buckskin, socks, woolen and cotton at Young & Thomas's.

SHOES—The best assortment for ladies misses and children, at TAYLOR'S,
april 16, 1856. Rochester on the hill.

LADIES SHOES—20 dozen ladies morocco boots. 20 doz. gum over shoes and sandshoe, just received at TAYLOR'S.
vemb er 19, 1856.

BRILLIANTS AND LAWNS—A fresh supply just received, and selling low, at TAYLOR'S,
april 30, 1856. Rochester on the hill.

PERFUMERY and Flavoring Extracts can always be found at P. B. YOUNG'S.

KID and French Morocco Buskins, a very fine article, at the Shoe store of BARNES & NICHOLSON,
dc10 Stewart's Row, Bridgewater.

Removal.

W. G. CHITTICK & Co.,
HAVE REMOVED TO
No. 164 Market, and No. 35, Merchant Streets,
Where they have now on exhibition
A MAGNIFICENT ASSORTMENT OF
AMERICAN DRY GOODS,
Adapted to first-class trade in every section of the country,
BLEACHED SHIRTINGS,
PRINTS,
COTTONADES,
TWEEDS,
JEANS,
SATINETS.
ALSO THEIR
SPRING IMPORTATION,
OF
Foreign Goods,
Which for Elegance,
Variety and
Cheapness
Is unsurpassed,
CASH AND CLOSE BUYERS
Will find it greatly to their advantage to give this Stock a careful examination before purchasing.

Organdies, Barages,
Tissues, Jaconets,
Challies, Ducales,
Ginghams, Brilliantines,
Shawls, Embroideries,
Laces, Ribbons,
Hosiery, Linens,
Grenadine Robes,
Organdy Robes,
Jaconet Robes,
CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES,
A large line of Mohair de Beges,
AND
The best make of Corduroy goods Imported
No. 164, MARKET STREET,
South side, three doors below Fifth street
feb 25 1857 PHILADELPHIA

BOERHAVE'S
HOLLAND BITTERS

THE CELEBRATED HOLLAND REMEDY FOR
DYSPEPSIA,
DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS,
LIVER COMPLAINT,
WEAKNESS OF ANY KIND
FEVER AND AGUE,

And the various affections consequent upon disordered

STOMACH AND LIVER.

Such as Indigestion, Acidity of the stomach, Colicky Pains, Heatburn, Loss of Appetite, Despondency, Costiveness, Blind and Bleeding Piles. In all Nervous, Rheumatic and Neuralgic Affections, it has in numerous instances proved highly beneficial, and in others effected a decided cure.

This is a purely vegetable compound, prepared on strictly scientific principles, after the manner of the celebrated Holland Professor, Boerhave. Because of its great success in most of the European States, its introduction into the United States was intended more especially for those of our fatherland scattered here and there over the face of this mighty country. Meeting with great success among them, I now offer it to the American public, knowing that its truly wonderful medicinal virtues must be acknowledged.

It is particularly recommended to those persons whose constitutions may have been impaired by the continuous use of ardent spirits, or other forms of dissipation. Generally instantaneous in effect, it finds its way directly to the seat of life, thrilling and quickening every nerve raised up the drooping spirit, and, in fact, infusing new health and vigor in the system.

NOTICE!—Whoever expects to find in this abeverage will be disappointed, but to the sick weak and low spirited, it will prove a greatful aromatic cordial, possessed of singular remedin properties.

CAUTION.—The great popularity of this delightful Aroma has induced many imitations, which the public should guard against purchasing. Be not persuaded to buy anything else until you have given Boerhave's Holland Bitters a fair trial. One bottle will convince you how infinitely superior it is to all these imitations.

Sold at $1 00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5-00, sold by the proprietors, Benjamin Page, Jr. & Co. Manufacturing Pharmaceutists and Chemists, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WALL PAPER.

W. P. MARSHALL & CO.
At No. 87, Wood street, Pittsburgh,
Are now opening a large and new stock of PAPER HANGING of every description for the Spring Trade, suitable for
Drawing Rooms,
Parlors,
Dining Rooms,
Halls and
Chambers.
Embracing the newest designs of patterns. Also Window Shades in great variety, at prices that will suit the Country Trade.
Mar 4, 1857.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ALL persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate of Robert Culberson dec'd. late of South Beaver township, Beaver county, are requested to make payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them to the subscriber, properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN CULBERSON,
April 29, 1857. Administrator.

CHAMBERLEN & CUTHBERTSON,
Atterneys and Counsellors at Law. Office on Broadway, 3d door below Merrick House New Brighton. apr19

FRENCH leather Boots for Ladies and Misses, a new style for winter, made to order, at the Shoe store of BARNES & NICHOLSON,
dec10 Stewart's Row, Bridgewater.

BLACK and tan colored Gaiters, for Ladies and Misses, at the Shoe store of BARNES & NICHOLSON,
dec10 Stewart's Row, Bridgewater

PARAMETA, Coburg, Thibet and Madana cloths, delaines, Persian and all Wool Plaids, robes and poplins, at
Oct. 22. YOUNG & THOMAS.

WHITE GOODS—Plain, dotted, barred and striped swiss, plain and striped nansooks and bobinettes, Victoria lawn, Berlin cord, dimity, mulls &c., just opened at
march 18, 1857 TAYLOR'S

JOSEPH H. WILSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW—Office in the Lawrence house, on the North side of the Diamond, Beaver, Pa. Jan 7 1857

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the title of Lowry & Wilson, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, and the business will hereafter be continued by James Wilson, at the mouth of the Conequenessing Creek.
June 24th, 1857. WM. LOWRY,
JAS. WILSON.

AYER'S PILLS.

FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A

FAMILY PHYSIC.

THERE has long existed a public demand for an effective purgative pill which could be relied on as sure and perfectly safe in its operation. This has been prepared to meet that demand, and an extensive trial of its virtues has conclusively shown with what success it accomplishes the purpose designed. It is easy to make a physical *pill*, but not easy to make the best of all *pills*—one which should have none of the objections, but all the advantages, of every other. This has been attempted here, and with what success we would respectfully submit to the public decision. It has been unfortunate for the patient hitherto that almost every purgative medicine is acrimonious and irritating to the bowels. This is not. Many of them produce so much griping pain and revulsion in the system as to more than counterbalance the good to be derived from them. These *pills* produce no irritation or pain, unless it arise from a previously existing obstruction or derangement in the bowels. Being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity; but it is better that any medicine should be taken judiciously. Minute directions for their use in the several diseases to which they are applicable are given on the box. Among the complaints which have been speedily cured by them, we may mention Liver Complaint, in its various forms of Jaundice, Indigestion, Languor and Loss of Appetite, Dyspepsia or Irritability, Bilious Headache, Bilious Fevers, Fever and Ague, Pain in the Side and Loins; for, in truth, all those affections which are consequence of disordered action in the digestive organs. By correcting that action, wherever it is deranged, they afford prompt and sure relief. Such are Dysentery, Piles, Colics, Dizziness, Sour Stomach, Nausea, and Nervous Colds will frequently be cured by a single dose. Ulcers and ulcerous affections of the throat, in fact, in every case where a purgative is required.

They have also produced some singularly successful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Gravel, Erysipelas, Inflammation of the Heart, Pain in the Back, Stomach, and Side. They should be freely taken in the spring of the year, to purify the blood and prepare the system for the change of seasons. An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, and restores the appetite and vigor. They purify the blood, and, by their stimulant action on the circulatory system, renovate the strength of the body, and expel the wasted or effete matter on which disease feeds. Hence, even though no disease exists, but one is dreaded, the timely employment of these *pills* should never be carried too far, as every purgative medicine will weaken the system when taken to excess. In those diseases in which a purgative is required, none can be recommended here, but they surpass themselves in the reason of every body can tell. It is confidently believed that this will answer a better purpose than anything which has hitherto been available to mankind. When their virtues are once known, the public will no longer doubt what remedy to employ when in need of a cathartic medicine. Being sugar-coated they are pleasant to take, and being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

For minute directions see wrapper on the Box.

PREPARED BY
JAMES C. AYER,
Practical and Analytical Chemist,
LOWELL, MASS.
Price 25 Cents per Box. Five Boxes for $1.

AYER'S
CHERRY PECTORAL,
For the rapid Cure of
COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, BRONCHITIS, WHOOPING-COUGH, CROUP, ASTHMA, AND CONSUMPTION.

THIS remedy has won for itself such notoriety from its cures of every variety of pulmonary disease, that it is entirely unnecessary to recount the evidences of its virtues in any community where it has been employed. So wide is the field of its usefulness, and so numerous the cases of its cure, that almost every section of this country abounds in persons publicly known, who have been restored from alarming and even hopeless diseases of the lungs by its use. When once tried its superiority over every other medicine of its kind is too apparent to escape observation, and when its virtues are known, the public no longer hesitate what antidote to employ for the distressing and dangerous affections of the pulmonary organs which are incident to our climate. And not only in formidable attacks upon the lungs, but for the milder varieties of Colds, Coughs, Hoarseness, &c., and for CHILDREN it is the pleasantest and safest medicine that can be obtained.

As it has long been in constant use throughout this section, we need not do more than assure the people its quality is kept up to the best that it ever has been, and that the genuine article is sold by—

AGENTS—Young, & Thomas Beaver, Dr. Smith Bridgewater; C. L. Kaiser, Rochester, Dr. Sargent. New Brighton; John Black Darling on, and by all merchants everywhere. Dr. O. Cunningham, Beaver.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

I WOULD most respectfully give notice to the citizens of Bridgewater, Beaver, Rochester and vicinity, that I have received a new stock of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry &c., which I can sell lower than can be had in Pittsburgh. It is but reasonable to say that goods can be sold lower here than in the large cities; our rent is less, and our living is less. I only ask you to call and I will try and sell the goods.

Particular attention paid to repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewelry; old Gold and Silver taken in exchange for goods or work. Remember the place, sign of the Big Watch, No. 2, Stewart's Row, Bridgewater. WM. PLATE.

A CARD.—Having relinquished the business and wishing to settle it, I have left all Watches and Jewelry for me for repairs, with Mr. Wm. Plate, where they can be had when called on. Having a personal knowledge of Mr. Plate, I would recommend him to my old customers for anything in his line.

Apr. 29, '57. HENRY T. PATTON.

NEW STORE!
M'CONNELL & BENTEL,
(Successors to P. Bentel)

HAVE just opened one of the largest and best stock of Goods ever opened in Freedom and intend to keep on hand every variety of
Dry Goods, Hardware, Queensware, Hats, Caps and Bonnets,
Groceries and Provisions of all kinds. We desire ourselves that we can sell as cheap if not cheaper than any other establishment of the kind in the county.

All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for goods, and the highest prices paid for the same.
M'CONNELL & BENTEL.
(Opposite P. Bentel's old stand.) Star Copy.
March 11, 1857.

A. Beswick.

MANUFACTURER and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of
Tin, Copper, and Sheet-iron Ware,
Jobbing, Roofing, Spouts, &c., made to order.
Shop on Broadway, one door above Apple street, New Brighton, Pa. (apl)

HEAVY Calf Skin Boots for Ladies and Misses, with and without heels, at the Shoe store of BARNES & NICHOLSON,
dc10 Stewart's Row, Bridgewater.

FRENCH Morocco heel Boots for Ladies, the most fashionable style, at the Shoe store of BARNES & NICHOLSON,
dc10 Stewart's Row, Bridgewater.

Corn Wanted at the
Rochester Starch Factory.
Feed for Sale at the Rochester Starch Factory.

PUBLIC HOUSE.

THE subscriber, having purchased and fitted up that well known property at the Northwest corner of the Public Square, in Beaver, adjoining the residence of Judge Agnew, is now prepared to accommodate the public, where he will use every exertion to please and make comfortable, all who may call on him.
Beaver, May 6, '57. WM. A. LAIRD.

The Greatest Medical Discovery OF THE AGE.

DR. KENNEDY, of Roxbury has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common pimple.

He has tried it in over 1100 cases, and never failed except in two cases. (both thunder humor.) He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its virtue, all within twenty miles of Boston.

Two bottles are warranted to cure a nursing sore mouth.

One to three bottles will cure the worst kind of Pimples on the face.

Two or three bottles will clear the system of Biles.

Two bottles are warranted to cure the worst canker in the mouth and stomach

Three to five bottles are warranted to cure the worst cases of Erysipelas.

One to two bottles are warranted to cure all humor in the Eyes.

Two bottles are warranted to cure running of the ears and blotches among the hair.

Four to six bottles are warranted to cure corrupt and running ulcers,

One bottle will cure scaly eruption of the skin.

Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of ringworm.

Two to three bottles are warranted to cure the most desperate use of rheumatism.

Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the salt rheum.

Five to eight bottles will cure the worst case of Scrofula.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the above quantity is taken.

I presented over a thousand bottles of [illegible] unity of Boston. I know the effect of it in every case. So sure as water will extinguish fire, so sure will this cure humor. I never sold a bottle of it but that sold another, after trial it always speaks for itself. There are two things about this herb that appear to me surprising; first that it grows in our pastures, in some places quite plentiful, and yet its value has never been known until I discovered it in 1846—second, that it should cure all kinds of humor.

In order to give some idea of the sudden rise and great popularity of the discovery, I will state that in April, 1853, I peddled it and sold about six bottles per day—In April 1854, I sold over one thousand bottles per day of it.

Some of the wholesale Druggists who have been in business twenty and thirty years, say that nothing in the annals of patent medicines was ever like it. There is a universal praise of it from all quarters.

In my own practice I always kept it strictly for humors—but since its introduction as a general family medicine, great and wonderful virtues have been found in it that I never suspected.

Several cases of epileptic fits—a desease which was always considered incurable, have been cured by a few bottles. O, what a mercy if it will prove effectual in all cases of that awful malady—there are but few who have seen more of it than I have.

I know of several cases of Dropsy, all of them aged people cured by it. For the various diseases of the Liver, Sick Headache, Dyspepsia, Asthma, Fever Ague, Pain in the Side, Diseases of the Spine, and particularly in diseases of the Kidneys &c., the discovery has done more good than any medicine ever known.

No change of diet ever necessary—eat the best you get and enough of it.

DIRECTIONS—Adults one table spoonful per day—Children over ten years dessert spoonfull. Children from five to eight years, tea spoonful. As no directions can be applicable to all constitutions, take sufficient to operate on the bowels twice a day. Manufactured by

DONALD KENNEDY,
No 120, Warren St. Roxbury, Mass.
PRICE $1.

T. W Dyott & Sons, Philadelphia, Gen. Ag'ts for Pa. For sale by WP Philips, Freedom; C L Kaiser, Rochester; and Dr. S Smith, Bridgewater; General wholesale agents Western Pa., Geo. H. Keyser, 146 Wood St. Pittsburgh, J. P. Flemming Federal St. Allegheny City, Maclay & Young, Beaver.

A. BAUSMAN. J. A. BAUSMAN.

Bausman & Co.

Exchange, Land and Real Estate Agents,
Fort Des Moines, Iowa.

BUY, SELL & LOCATE LAND WARRANS

INVEST money for parties at western rates of interest. Taxes paid for residents or non-residents. Investments made in Government lands. Taxes paid, and all trouble and other expenses borne by us, for one-eighth of gross proceeds. Interest, at ten per cent, per annum, allowed on all special deposites, for six months, or longer time.

Parties desiring government or other lands, can rely upon us for a full and correct description of either, and the lowest market rates.

Orders for government lands will be attended to as soon after receipt as possible.

Remittances can be made in drafts on New York, or by depositing money in any good bank in Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington D. C., or Pittsburgh.

Applications made for Des Moines River lands for settlers. Improved and unimproved prairie and timber lands bought and sold. Bills of exchange on Eastern cities bought and sold.

REFERENCES.

Hon Wm F Johnston; pres. A V R R Co., Pittsburgh, Col. Wilson McCandless, do. Robert Anderson, P. M. do; Messrs. Kramer & Rahm. Bankers, do.; Hon Joshua R Giddings, Jefferson, Ohio; A P Lacock, Esq., Beaver, Pa.; Joseph Chamberlain, Cleveland, Ohio; Hon. John Allison, New Brighton, Pa.; John Linton, Esq., Rochester, Pa.; Treasurer's Savings Bank Washington D. C.; Cashier State Bank Ohio, Guernsey Branch; Messrs. Gallaher & Co., Bankers, Washington, D C. may 21, 1856

Choice Farm for Sale.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Beaver county, will be exposed at public vendue, on the premises on Friday the 19th day of June, 1857, at two o'clock P. M., one hundred acres of land, the farm of John Wise, dec'd, situate in Franklin Township, Beaver County, on the State road leading from Pittsburgh to New Castle; 80 acres improved and under good fence, 20 acres good white oak timber land, a good two story dwelling house, good new frame bank barn with stone wall and stable underneath. Some 120 choice bearing apple trees, many of them grafted winter fruit, some pear, quince and a variety of cherry trees. Several never failing springs, springhouse, stables, shops, &c., on the premises; near the flouring and other mills on Slipperyrock creek. Soil productive and situation healthful.

TERMS.—One third of the purchase money on the confirmation of sale by the Court, one third in one year therefrom, with interest, and one third to be held on annual interest till decease of the intestates widow. For information enquire of JOSEPH H. WILSON, Beaver,
Trustee of sale,
ANDREW H. ZEIGLER, Harmony,
JOHN ZEIGLER, near the premises.
Attest, W. K. BODEN, Clk. (Star copy.)
apr 8 1857

CHAIRS! CHAIRS!!

JOHN M'CUNE still continues the manufacture of every kind of plain and ornamental Chairs. Call and examine my stock. Shop opposite Hugh Anderson's Grocery, on 3d street The stock is lower than ever before offered in this market. Old Chairs painted or grained, and made to look as well as new.
Beaver, Dec. 13, 1854.

Low by the Piece.

100 pieces bleached muslins, assorted.
6 bales brown do do
200 pieces Cocheco and other prints.
50 pieces Lancaster ginghams.
June 4. T. M. TAYLOR.

PLASTER Cement and Grindstones.—Plaster for land and stucco work. Cement for public works, cisterns, etc. Grindstones of all sizes on hand, at 319, Liberty st., Pittsburgh, may 21, 1856. W. W. WALLACE.

Glad News.
FULL OF HOPE TO THE AFFLICTED AND SUFFERING!

Many of the thousand portals of Death may be closed, and life made happier, and more comfortable to thousands who are now in danger. Doubtless this world contains many a balm to soothe its physical woes and cure its diseases. Among those in prominent rank, stands

BOWMAN'S
VEGETABLE COMPOUND,

A SAFE and speedy cure for Consumption, not only in those milder forms of Throat and Lung Diseases, such as colds, coughs, quinsey, difficulty of breathing, bronchitis, Ministers' sore throat, weakness of the chest, asthma, inward ulcer, spitting of blood, influenza, croup, whooping-cough, pain in the breast and side, hoarseness, catarrh and catarrhal affections, inflammation of the lungs, bleeding of the lungs, and such like. But its superior excellence is seen and tested in the more advanced *affections of the lungs*. For the truth of the above statement and the efficiency of the preparations as an antidote, we refer the public to the following testimonials:

Language is scarcely strong enough to tell the great power of this

WONDERFUL DISCOVERY!

The doubting may try and be convinced.

The Proprietors point to the following bona fide certificates with confidence on the community; they are but samples in our possession:

Philadelphia, Aug. 15, 1856.—Last spring, while in Pittsburgh, I had a bad cold and cough, which troubled me much, and a friend of mine gave me a bottle of Bowman's Vegetable Compound for diseases of the throat and lungs, which I commenced taking, and found relief almost immediately. I had taken many things for cough and hoarseness, but never got anything to help me as it has done. I believe it to be the best antidote for coughs and hoarseness that is out, and cheerfully recommend it to the public. THOS. H. STOCKTON.
Pastor 1st Prot. Meth. Church.

From Judge Vanhorn, of the District Court at Cincinnatia.

Cincinnati, May 4, 1856.—I have used Bowman's Vegetable Compound for bronchitis and cough, and believe it to be the best medicine out for those diseases, and the only one I ever got to give me any permanent relief. It will cure. I recommend it to the public as an honest and efficient medicine, and will perform what it is published to do W. VANHORN.

TO THE PUBLIC.

I have used Bowman's Vegetable Compound in my family, for coughs, colds and Ministers' sore throat and believe it to be the best thing that I ever got for those complaints, and cheerfully recommend it to the public.
REV. J. GASTON,
Pastor of the Clinton st. M. E. Church,
June 10, 1855. Cincinnati.

Here is one from the old pioneer Methodist preacher of Ohio, Rev. J. B. Finley.

I believe Bowman's Vegetable Compound to be the best remedy for Diseased Throat and Lungs, of the day. I have tested it, and found it to be the best of all the popular remedies I ever tried, and I have tried very many. I recommend it to the public. Try it and you will be convinced of its superiority.
Cincinnati July 1856. Rev. J. B. FINLEY.

Hear what the celebrated Dr. Peck says:

New York, May 12, 1856.—I have used Bowman's Vegetable Compound for coughs and hoarseness in speaking; and believe it to be the best preparation for Throat and Lung complaints I ever got; and I recommend it to the public speaker and singer, as well as those afflicted with Lung diseases. J. T. PECK.

Hear what Dr. Benson, of Cincinnati, says: [Extract from a letter.]

"Bowman's Vegetable Compound contains a virtue which is not possessed by any other popular medicine in my knowledge. It does not only smoothe the disease over, giving it temporary relief (like most of patent medicines,) but it commences at the root of the disease, and performs a perfect cure.
G. W. BENSON, M. D.

Our space will not permit us to publish any certificates in full, but we would refer to the following persons, whose letters are in our possession, certifying to its worth:

Rev. Bishop Morris,	Cincinnati
Rev. Robert Walker,	"
Rev. Joel White,	Economy,
Rev. John Powell,	Portsmouth,
John L. M'Junkin,	Ripley,
Henry L. Griffith, Esq.	Pittsburgh,
B. B. Baker,	Wheeling,
Capt. E. Gordon,	Pittsburgh,
John T. M'Combs,	"
Mrs. Mary Morrow,	N. Brighton,
Mrs. M. Evans,	"
Robert Greentee,	Beaver,
Isaac Sutherland,	Vanport,
Mrs. S. A. Gettys,	Freedom,
Silas Roberts,	Meadville,
Henry Smith,	New Castle,
Mrs. Sarah Lowry,	Lawrence co.
Joseph P. Brown,	"
Martha A. Wilson,	New Castle,
Ex-Gov. W. F. Johnston,	Pittsburgh,
T. C. Cunningham,	Allegheny,
Isaac Whitesides,	"
D. Maratta,	Bridgewater,
Rev. Wm. Smith,	Louisville,
Judge Keys,	Cincinnati,
Capt. Geo. Kennedy,	Wellsville,
James Wilkins,	Allegheny,
J. P. O'Neil,	Steubenville,
Rev. Henry Cline,	Venango co.
Dr. James Parsons,	Louisville,
Rev. John Watkins,	Maysville,
Capt. Jacob Poe,	Georgetown,
James L. Dodds,	Butler co.
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Rev. G Sechon,	Louisville.

Bowman's Vegetable Compound sold by Druggists at $1 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $5.

C. L. Keyser is our agent at Rochester, Beaver county, Pa. Retail merchants can be supplied at our wholesale prices, by C. L. Kaiser. Also H. T. & J. Reeves, New Brighton. Direct all orders for medicine to D. H. M. Bowman & Co., New Castle, Lawrence county, Pa., sole Proprietors. Agents wanted in every village in the United States and Canadas. Apply by letter or otherwise to the proprietors.
Nov. 19, 1856.

LIME! LIME!
To the Public.

THE undersigned having finished two LIME KILNS, on the farm formerly belonging to Samuel Johnston, Vanport, would respectfully inform the Public, that he is prepared to furnish almost any quantity wanted at the shortest notice. The Lime is of the best quality, and nearly three-fourths of a mile nigher Beaver than ano other in the vicinity. J. J. POWER.
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MAP OF
Beaver and Lawrence Counties,
FROM ACTUAL MEASUREMENT,
And Surveys throughout the County
MADE BY NATHANIEL S. AMES.

The undersigned will publish shortly, provided a sufficient number of subscribers be obtained.

NEW AND COMPLETE MAP OF BEAVER & LAWRENCE COUNTIES.

All the public Roads, Railroads, Crossings and Stations, Churches, Post Offices, School Houses, Stores, Mills Public and Private Houses, Cemeteries, Manufactories, Shops, &c., &